

































































































































Variables, Control Flow, OOP Concepts- Kotlin (KMP)- Android Project Structure, Gradle, and Build Process – APK Versioning - Design and implement a single-screen Android app using Kotlin and Android UI components.

**CO5: design and develop functional Android user interfaces and layouts using Android development tools**

Use Kotlin control flow statements (if-else, when, loops) to create interactive app logic responding to user actions.

**CO2: design intuitive and responsive user interfaces using Material Design principles L:12**

UI/UX Principles and Material Design Standards - Jetpack Compose: Composable, Modifiers, State - Layouts: Column, Row, Scaffold, LazyColumn - Forms: TextField, Button, CheckBox, RadioButton, Dropdown- Input Components, Navigation, and Theming -Error Handling -Event Handling and Recomposition- Material Design Colors, Typography, Shapes. **P:7**

**CO5: design and develop functional Android user interfaces and layouts using Android development tools**

Create a dynamic UI for a product catalog screen using Compose, with filtering options and responsive layouts.

**CO3: integrate mobile apps with REST APIs and various backend data services for dynamic content management L:12 P:8**

Local Storage: SharedPreferences, Room DB (with DAO & ViewModel)- JSON Parsing, API Consumption using Retrofit, Coroutines- Integration with backend services: Flask (Python), Express (Node.js)- Introduction to SQLite access via APIs - Build an app that fetches and stores data via REST API.

**CO6: build and test robust cross-platform mobile apps using React Native and native Android APIs**

Asynchronous data handling with coroutines – Node.js Express as backend and stores data in SQLite

**CO4: utilize device features like camera, location, notifications, and implement asynchronous tasks L:12 P:9**

Accessing Device Features: Camera, Location (Fused API), Sensors - Permissions (runtime), Notifications, File I/O- Multithreading with Coroutines - Debugging & Performance Optimization Tools- Unit Testing with JUnit, UI Testing with Espresso - App Signing, Versioning, ProGuard, Obfuscation - Publishing to Google Play Store.

**CO6: build and test robust cross-platform mobile apps using React Native and native Android APIs**

API with push notifications – real world mobile applications development – test application.

**TEXT BOOKS**

1. Neil Smyth, “Android Studio Development Essentials – Kotlin”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Techotopia, 2023.
2. Mark L. Murphy, “The Busy Coder’s Guide to Android Development”, CommonsWare, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2019.

**REFERENCES**

1. Valentino Lee, Heather Schneider, Robbie Schell, "Mobile Application Development: Android and iOS", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2023.
2. Reto Meier & Ian Lake, “Professional Android”, Wiley, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2022.
3. Bonnie Eisenman, “Learning React Native”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2020.

4. Bill Phillips, Chris Stewart, Kristin Marsicano, “Android Programming: The Big Nerd Ranch Guide”, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2019.

**L: 45; P: 30; TOTAL:75 PERIODS**

| Course Code | MACHINE LEARNING LABORATORY | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23IT66C     |                             | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 2 |

### COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

#### Practical Component

CO1:Apply fundamental machine learning algorithms to analyze and interpret data. (PDL2)

CO2: Design and implement advanced machine learning models to solve real-world problems. (PDL3)

**CO1: Apply fundamental machine learning algorithms to analyze and interpret data. (PDL2) P:20**

1. Apply supervised learning algorithms to perform classification using Naive Bayes Classification.
2. Implement KNN and experiment with different values of K on a classification dataset.
3. Implement Support Vector Machine for Classification
4. Implement and visualize decision trees using ID3 and CART algorithms.
5. Apply supervised learning algorithms for regression.

**CO2: Design and implement advanced machine learning models to solve real-world problems. (PDL3) P:40**

1. Apply PCA for dimensionality reduction and visualize the results.
2. Apply LDA for dimensionality reduction and classification.
3. Design and implement a Multilayer Perceptron (MLP) neural network on the real-world dataset.
4. Mini Project.

### Software Requirements

- Software: Jupiter Notebook – Anaconda, Google Colab

### TEXT BOOKS

1. Ethem Alpaydin, “Introduction to Machine Learning”, MIT Press, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2020.
2. Stephen Marsland, “Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, CRC, Press, 2014.

### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Charu C. Aggarwal, “Neural Networks and Deep Learning: A Textbook” Springer Nature; 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2024.
2. Richard S. Sutton and Andrew G. Barto, “Reinforcement Learning: An Introduction”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2018.
3. Mehryar Mohri, Afshin Rostamizadeh, Ameet Talwalkar, “Foundations of Machine Learning”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, MIT Press, 2018.
4. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, “Deep Learning”, MIT Press, 2016.

**P :60; TOTAL : 60 PERIODS**

|                    |                                   |          |          |          |          |          |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>Course Code</b> | <b>CLOUD COMPUTING LABORATORY</b> | <b>L</b> | <b>T</b> | <b>P</b> | <b>E</b> | <b>C</b> |
| <b>23IT67C</b>     |                                   | <b>0</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>2</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>1</b> |

### COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

**CO1:** configure and manage virtualized cloud infrastructure. (PDL1)

**CO2:** develop, deploy, and secure cloud applications on public and private platforms. (PDL2)

### List of Experiments

**P :10**

#### CO1: configure and manage virtualized and cloud infrastructure (PDL1)

1. Configure OpenStack for Private Cloud Deployment (using DevStack)
2. Create and Manage Virtual Machines using VirtualBox.
3. Configure and Operate KVM Hypervisor for Bare-Metal Virtualization
4. Implement Load Balancing Between Web Servers using HAProxy
5. Configure Auto-Scaling in Docker Swarm to Manage Service Scaling Dynamically.
6. Deploy and Access Cloud Storage Services using MinIO.

#### CO2: develop, deploy, and secure cloud applications on public and private platforms (PDL2) **P :20**

7. Host a Web Application on GCP Free Tier or OpenShift
8. Deploy a Cloud-Native Application using Heroku Platform-as-a-Service (PaaS)
9. Create and Use Managed Database Services (DBaaS) with PostgreSQL or MySQL on a Cloud Platform.
10. Configure Identity and Access Management (IAM) and Perform Security Analysis using OWASP ZAP.

**P :30; TOTAL :30 PERIODS**

|                    |                                                   |          |          |          |          |          |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>Course code</b> | <b>BLOCKCHAIN ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN</b>         | <b>L</b> | <b>T</b> | <b>P</b> | <b>E</b> | <b>C</b> |
| <b>23CS01E/</b>    |                                                   | <b>3</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>3</b> |
| <b>23IT01E/</b>    | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) |          |          |          |          |          |
| <b>23AD01E</b>     |                                                   |          |          |          |          |          |

### COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

#### Theory Components

CO1: analyze cryptographic primitives and their roles in ensuring blockchain security. (CDL2)

CO2: evaluate Bitcoin's transaction lifecycle and the Proof of Work consensus mechanism for securing the network. (CDL2)

CO3: develop Ethereum smart contracts and token standards, including their role in the mining process.(CDL2)

CO4: analyze various consensus mechanisms in permissioned blockchains for their effectiveness and applicability. (CDL2)

CO5: develop blockchain solutions using Hyperledger frameworks, focusing on enterprise applications. (CDL2)

**CO1: analyze cryptographic primitives and their roles in ensuring blockchain security.**

Cryptographic Hash Function - Properties of Hash Function – Digital Signature – Blockchain: Introduction – Types of Blockchain - Block in a Blockchain: Structure of a Block – Block Header – Transactions in a Block - Hash Pointer – Merkle Tree - Blockchain as a Hash chain – Accepting the longest chain – Orphaned Blocks – Blockchain Forks – UTXO and Account/Balance Models **L:9**

**CO2: evaluate Bitcoin's transaction lifecycle and the Proof of Work consensus mechanism for securing the network.**

Basics - History – Technology behind Bitcoin – Bitcoin Transaction Life Cycle - Creation of Coins – Sending Payments - Transaction in Bitcoin Network – Double Spending - Bitcoin Scripts - Hashcash PoW - Consensus in Bitcoin: Proof of Work (PoW) – Mining in a Bitcoin network - Mining difficulty - Bitcoin Wallets. **L:9**

**CO3: develop Ethereum smart contracts and token standards, including their role in the mining process.**

Ethereum Blockchain - Ethereum Virtual Machine - Ethereum Accounts - Transactions in Ethereum - Ethereum Wallets - Ethereum Gas - Gas Price - Gas Limit - Mining in Ethereum - Ether Tokens – ERC 20 - Ethereum Improvement Proposals (EIP) **L:9**

**CO4: analyze various consensus mechanisms in permissioned blockchains for their effectiveness and applicability.**

Basics - Consensus - State Machine Replication - Distributed Consensus - Consensus Algorithms - PAXOS - RAFT - Byzantine General Problem - Practical Byzantine Fault Tolerance. **L:9**

**CO5: develop blockchain solutions using Hyperledger frameworks, focusing on enterprise applications.**

Introduction to Hyperledger - Hyperledger frameworks - Hyperledger Fabric Architecture - Hyperledger fabric transaction flow - Chaincode in Hyperledger Fabric - Hyperledger Composer - Hyperledger Indy

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Kumar Saurabh, Ashutosh Saxena, “Blockchain Technology concepts and applications”, Wiley. 2020.
2. Caitlin Long, Antony Lewis, “The Basics of Bitcoins and Blockchains: An Introduction to Cryptocurrencies and the Technology that Powers Them”, Mango Media, 2020.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Andreas M. Antonopoulos, “Mastering Bitcoin: Programming the open blockchain”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Release, 2017.
2. Andreas M. Antonopoulos and Wood M., “Mastering Ethereum: Building Smart Contracts and DApps”, O'Reilly Media, 2018.
3. Xun (Brian) Wu, Chuanfeng Zhang, and Andrew Zhang, “Hyperledger Cookbook: Over 40 recipes implementing the latest Hyperledger blockchain frameworks and tools”, Packt Publishing, 2019.
4. Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward Felten, Andrew Miller, Steven Goldfeder, “Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction”, Princeton University Press, Kindle Edition, 2016.

5. Imran. Bashir. Mastering block chain: Distributed Ledger Technology, Decentralization, and Smart Contracts Explained. Packt Publishing, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2018.
6. Roger Wattenhofer, “The Science of the Blockchain, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Inverted Forest Publishing, 2016.

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

| Course Code                     | SMART CONTRACT AND DAPP                           | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23IT02E/<br>23CS02E/<br>23AD02E | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

### Theory Components:

CO1: apply blockchain terminologies and concepts to effectively design and implement smart contract solutions. (CDL1)

CO2: design and develop efficient smart contracts for decentralized application through utilizing Ethereum's higher-level programming languages. (CDL2)

CO3: implement and deploy Solidity smart contracts, using key language constructs and leveraging development tools like IDEs and compilers. (CDL2)

CO4: write, deploy, and evaluate smart contracts, considering factors like cost, performance, and appropriate blockchain platform selection. (CDL2)

CO5: design, develop, and deploy decentralized applications (DApps) within a private blockchain network environment. (CDL2)

### Practical Components:

CO6: develop, deploy, and interact with Ethereum smart contracts using Solidity (PDL2)

CO7: write, deploy, and manage smart contracts, and assess the cost and efficiency of running smart contracts on various blockchain platforms. (PDL2)

CO8: configure and deploy DApps in a private blockchain environment. (PDL2)

**CO1: apply blockchain terminologies and concepts to effectively design and implement smart contract solutions. L:6 P:3**

Introduction to Smart Contracts- Definitions – Features - Life Cycle - Smart Contract execution- Virtual Machine of a Block chain- Source code of a Smart Contract- Wallets – Types – Wallets interaction with Blockchains - Useful Terminologies

**CO6: develop, deploy, and interact with Ethereum smart contracts using Solidity.**

Write a simple smart contract - Deploy the contract on a testnet - Interact with the deployed smart contract using a wallet (e.g., MetaMask)

**CO2: design and develop efficient smart contracts for decentralized application through utilizing Ethereum's higher-level programming languages. L:6 P:6**

Ethereum Smart Contracts - Ethereum Higher-Level Languages -Developing Smart Contracts - The Solidity language: An object-oriented, high-level language for implementing smart contract - Designing a Solidity Smart Contract- Ether and Gas – Mining Ethereum.

**CO6: develop, deploy, and interact with Ethereum smart contracts using Solidity.**

Smart contract for transferring Ether between two accounts - Solidity contract that implements a simple auction system - Identify the gas fees involved in the contract execution.

**CO3: implement and deploy Solidity smart contracts, using key language constructs and leveraging development tools like IDEs and compilers.** L:6  
P:6

Solidity – Contracts- Constructors – Functions- Variables-Getters – Setters- Arrays - Memory vs Storage - Mappings in Solidity – Structs - Error Handling and Restrictions – Libraries - Global Variables - Abstract Contracts – Inheritance- Interfaces-Events Installing Solidity - Solc Compiler - Ethereum Contract Application Binary Interface - Remix-IDE for Smart Contract Development.

**CO6: develop, deploy, and interact with Ethereum smart contracts using Solidity.**

Write a Solidity contract that implements constructor, arrays, mappings, structs, libraries and error handling

**CO4: write, deploy, and evaluate smart contracts, considering factors like cost, performance, and appropriate blockchain platform selection.** L:6  
P:6

Smart Contract programming languages - Execution Environments - Environment Setup for Truffle and Ganache - Truffle Project Creation - Writing Smart Contracts - Developing Smart Contract - Programmer's responsibility - Cost of running smart Contracts - Smart Contract development platforms

**CO7: write, deploy, and manage smart contracts, and assess the cost and efficiency of running smart contracts on various blockchain platforms.**

Deploying the smart contract with Truffle and Ganache- Interacting with the deployed contract–Estimate the cost of running smart contracts

**CO5: design, develop, and deploy decentralized applications (DApps) within a private blockchain network environment.** L:6  
P:9

DApp – Metamask - Setting up a Private Ethereum Network: Install go-ethereum – Create geth Data directory – Create a geth account – create genesis.json configuration File – Run the first Node of the Private Network – Run the second node of the Network – Creating Smart Contract – Deploying the Smart Contract – Client Application.

**CO8: configure and deploy DApps in a private blockchain environment.**

Setting up a private Ethereum network using geth - Running and connecting two nodes - Interacting with the network using Metamask - Creating a DApp to interact with the private Ethereum network

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Ritesh Modi, "Solidity Programming Essentials", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Packt Publishing, 2022.
2. Gavin Zheng, Longxiang Gao, Liqun Huang, Jian Guan, "Ethereum Smart Contract Development in Solidity", Springer Verlag Publisher, 2020.
3. Andreas Antonopoulos and Gavin Wood, "Mastering Ethereum: Building Smart Contracts and Dapps", Shroff /O'Reilly Publisher, 2018
4. Michael J. Casey and Paul Vigna, "The Truth Machine: The Blockchain and the Future of Everything", Kindle Edition, St. Martin's Press, 2018.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Kevin Solorio, Randall Kanna, David Hoover, "Hands-On Smart Contract Development with Solidity and Ethereum: From Fundamentals to Deployment", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Shroff /

O'Reilly Publisher, 2019.

2. Wei-Meng Lee, "Beginning Ethereum Smart Contracts Programming", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Apress, 2023

**L: 30; P: 30; TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**

| Course Code | ADVANCED ETHEREUM                                 | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS03E/    | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 23IT03E/    |                                                   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 23AD03E     |                                                   |   |   |   |   |   |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

### Theory Component

CO1: Demonstrate understanding of Ethereum's upgrade history and architecture by explaining the Ethereum 2.0 roadmap, finality mechanisms, and Layer 2 scalability solutions. (CDL1)

CO2: Analyze the execution layer of Ethereum's Proof of Stake by explaining the functioning of Engine API, DevP2P networking and Ethereum standards. (CDL2)

CO3: Analyze the consensus and validation layer of Ethereum's Proof-of-Stake by analyzing the fork choice rules, validator roles, and the functions of consensus clients. (CDL2)

CO4: Demonstrate understanding of smart contract security vulnerabilities by referencing real-world incidents and applying best practices. (CDL1)

**CO1: Demonstrate understanding of Ethereum's upgrade history and architecture by explaining the Ethereum 2.0 roadmap, finality mechanisms, and Layer 2 scalability solutions. L:12**

Ethereum Hard Forks and Upgrade History - Ethereum 2.0 Roadmap: Phases and Goals - Finalization: Checkpoints, Supermajority Link, Justification, Finality - Epochs and Slots: Concepts and Purpose - Maximal Extractable Value (MEV): Risks and Implications - Types of Ethereum Nodes: Archive, Full Node, Snap Node - Beacon Chain Overview - Rollups

**CO2: Analyze the execution layer of Ethereum's Proof of Stake by explaining the functioning of Engine API, DevP2P networking and Ethereum standards L:11**

Ethereum Virtual Machine (EVM): Architecture and Functioning - Gossip Protocols - DevP2P Networking - Engine API: Execution - Consensus Layer Communication - Ethereum Transaction Lifecycle - Ethereum Standards: EIPs (Ethereum Improvement Proposals) - ERC (Ethereum Request for Comments) Standards

**CO3: Analyze the consensus and validation layer of Ethereum's Proof-of-Stake by analyzing the fork choice rules, validator roles, and the functions of consensus clients. L:12**

GASPER Fork Choice Rule: Overview and Importance - Casper FFG - LMD GHOST - Consensus Clients: Prysm, Lighthouse - LibP2P Networking - Validator Clients: Roles and Responsibilities - RANDAO Algorithm - Attestations: Purpose and Process - Slashing Mechanisms: Conditions and Implications

**CO4: Demonstrate understanding of smart contract security vulnerabilities by L:10 referencing real-world incidents and applying best practices.**

Security Vulnerabilities in Smart Contracts : Reentrancy Attacks, Integer Overflow/Underflow, Front-running - Mainnet Incidents and Case Studies - Security Best Practices in Solidity - Bug Bounty Platforms and Responsible Disclosure

**REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Ben Edgington, "Upgrading Ethereum A technical handbook on Ethereum's move to proof of stake and beyond", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Capella Publisher, 2025.
2. Vitalik Buterin. "Proof of Stake: The Making of Ethereum and the Philosophy of Blockchains", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Seven Stories Press, 2022.
3. Andreas M. Antonopoulos, Gavin Wood, "Mastering Ethereum: Building Smart Contracts and DApps", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2018.
4. Bruno Skvorc, Mateja Kendel, David Attard, Mislav Javor, Tonino Jankov, Chris Ward, "A Developer's Guide to Ethereum", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, SitePoint Publisher, 2018.

**L:45 ;TOTAL:45 PERIODS**

| Course Code                     | PERMISSIONED BLOCKCHAIN                           | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS05E/<br>23IT05E/<br>23AD05E | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

**Theory Component**

CO1: Demonstrate an understanding of Hyperledger Fabric architecture and components, and execute transaction flows across single and multi-channel networks (CDL2)

CO2: Execute Hyperledger Fabric Chaincode using Go programming constructs and apply it to real-world use cases (CDL2)

CO3: Demonstrate a Hyperledger Fabric business network by defining various components and generating required certificates and artifacts (CDL2)

CO4: Demonstrate the decentralized identity management concepts using Hyperledger Aries and Indy (CDL2)

**Practical Component**

CO5: Develop a Hyperledger Fabric network, deploy Chaincode, and connect the DApp frontend to the Fabric network for transaction processing (PDL2)

CO6: Develop a local Aries and Indy network and register a Decentralized Identifiers on the Aries and Indy network (PDL2)

**CO1: Demonstrate an understanding of Hyperledger Fabric architecture and components, and execute transaction flows across single and multi-channel networks L:8 P:6**

Introduction to Hyperledger - Hyperledger Fabric: Architecture – Peers – Ledger – Assets – Ordering Service - Channels - Kafka Consensus - Certificate Authority - Events - Certificate Authority - Membership Service Provider – Transaction Flow – Single Channel Network – Multi-Channel Network – Membership and Identity Management – Endorsement Policies – New User Registration and Enrollment

**CO5:Develop a Hyperledger Fabric network, deploy Chaincode, and connect the DApp frontend to the Fabric network for transaction processing**

Setup and build a Hyperledger Fabric network using Docker Compose, CLI and SDK.

**CO2:Execute Hyperledger Fabric Chaincode using Go programming constructs and apply it to real-world use cases** **L:8**  
**P:9**

Go Programming Language: Introduction – Fundamentals – Control Statements - Functions & Methods - Structure - Arrays - Slices –Strings - Pointers - Concurrency - Chaincode: Introduction - Lifecycle - Chaincode vs Smart Contract - Chaincode API - System Chaincode - Collections - RICH queries – Chaincodeusecases: Supply Chain

**CO5:Develop a Hyperledger Fabric network, deploy Chaincode, and connect the DApp frontend to the Fabric network for transaction processing**

Develop and deploy simple Chaincode - Implement access control policies using collections - Perform RICH queries on ledger data stored in CouchDB.

**CO3: Demonstrate a Hyperledger Fabric business network by defining various components and generating required certificates and artifacts** **L:8**  
**P:9**

Designing a business network structure - Define organizations - Identifying participants - Channel name identification - Rule definition – Generate certificates using cryptogen and Fabric CA - Certificate expiry - Generate channel artifacts - Creating genesis block - Creating channel - Creating anchor peers - Setting up ordering node - Create peer nodes - Deploying Chaincodes on Fabric network – DApp development usecases: Supply chain, Enterprise workflows

**CO5:Develop a Hyperledger Fabric network, deploy Chaincode, and connect the DApp frontend to the Fabric network for transaction processing**

Build frontend of DApps using React - Connect the frontend of DApp to the Hyperledger Fabric blockchain - Communication for data retrieval and transaction processing

**CO4:Demonstrate the decentralized identity management concepts using Hyperledger Aries and Indy** **L:6**  
**P:6**

Decentralized Identity Management - Self-Sovereignty Identity - Hyperledger Aries: Introduction - Architecture - Hyperledger Indy: Introduction - Architecture – Decentralized Identifiers (DIDs) - Verifiable Credentials: Issuing and verifying credentials, Zero Knowledge Proofs - Creating and managing DIDs - Amazon managed blockchain service

**CO6: Develop a local Aries and Indy network and register a Decentralized Identifiers on the Aries and Indy network**

Build a local Aries and Indy network - Create and register a DID and Credentials on a local Aries and Indy network.

**REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Nitin Gaur, Luc Desrosiers, Venkatraman Ramakrishna, Petr Novotny, Salman A. Baset, Anthony O'Dowd, "Blockchain with Hyperledger Fabric", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Packt. Publishers, 2020.
2. Nakul Shah, "Blockchain for Business with Hyperledger Fabric: A complete guide to enterprise Blockchain implementation using Hyperledger Fabric", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, BPB Publications, 2019

3. Bhagvan Kommadi, “Go Lang in Depth: Guide to program microservices, networking, database and APIs using Go Lang”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, BPB Publications, 2024

**L: 30 P: 30 TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**

| Course Code                     | MINI - CAPSTONE PROJECT                           | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS09E/<br>23IT09E/<br>23AD09E | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

### Experiential Component

CO1: analyze real-world problems that can be addressed using blockchain technology, and formulate an appropriate project proposal. (PDL2)

CO2: design blockchain system architecture by selecting suitable platforms and defining smart contract logic aligned with project objectives. (PDL2)

CO3: develop and deploy smart contracts on blockchain test networks using industry-standard tools and frameworks. (PDL2)

CO4: integrate blockchain-based smart contracts with decentralized applications (DApps) using Web3 technologies and demonstrate end-to-end functionality. (PDL2)

### Softskill component

demonstrate and defend the completed blockchain project through technical discussions, comprehensive reporting, and viva-voce.

**CO1: analyze real-world problems that can be addressed using blockchain technology, and formulate an appropriate project proposal. (PDL2)**

**Module 1:** 1. Overview of Blockchain project types: **E:15**

Introduction  
&  
Project  
Ideation

- Cryptocurrency
- NFT platforms
- Supply chain tracking
- Healthcare records
- Voting systems

2. Brainstorming real-world problems

3. Finalizing project title & scope

4. Submission of Project Proposal and Problem Statement

**Deliverable:** Guide approved project proposal document.

**CO2: design blockchain system architecture by selecting suitable platforms and defining smart contract logic aligned with project objectives. (PDL2)**

**Module 2:** 1. Public vs private blockchains **E:20**

Blockchain  
Design &  
Architecture

2. Choosing a blockchain platform:

- Ethereum
- Hyperledger Fabric
- Corda

3. Smart contract design basics

4. Data models: on-chain vs off-chain

**Deliverable:** Project Architecture & Technology Stack document.

|                  |                                                                    |             |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>Module 3:</b> | 1. Writing smart contracts using Solidity or Chaincode             | <b>E:20</b> |
| Smart            | 2. Deployment on testnets (e.g., Ropsten, Mumbai, Sepolia)         |             |
| Contract         | 3. Security best practices (reentrancy, overflows, access control) |             |
| Development      | 4. Tools:                                                          |             |
|                  | • Remix, Truffle, Hardhat, Ganache                                 |             |
|                  | • Block explorers: Etherscan, Polygonscan                          |             |

**Deliverables:**

- Smart contract code
- Deployed contract addresses

**CO3: develop and deploy smart contracts on blockchain test networks using industry-standard tools and frameworks. (PDL2)**

|                  |                                                               |             |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>Module 4:</b> | • Building user interface (React, Next.js, or simple HTML/JS) | <b>E:20</b> |
| DApp             | • Integrating with blockchain via Web3.js or Ethers.js        |             |
| Frontend &       | • Using wallets (Metamask)                                    |             |
| Integration      | • Backend API (if off-chain data involved)                    |             |
|                  | • IPFS/Pinata for file storage (for NFTs or documents)        |             |

**Deliverable:** Working DApp connected to deployed smart contract.

|                  |                                                 |             |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>Module 5:</b> | • Live demonstration (functional DApp)          | <b>E:15</b> |
| Final Demo       | • Project Report                                |             |
| &                | • Code repository (GitHub)                      |             |
| Report           | • Optional: Publish smart contract on Etherscan |             |
| Submission       |                                                 |             |

**Deliverables:**

- Live demo session
- Project report
- Code submission

**E: 90; TOTAL: 90 PERIODS**

|                    |                                                   |          |          |          |          |          |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>Course code</b> | <b>WEB FRAMEWORKS USING PYTHON</b>                | <b>L</b> | <b>T</b> | <b>P</b> | <b>E</b> | <b>C</b> |
| 23CS11E/           |                                                   | 2        | 0        | 2        | 0        | 3        |
| 23IT11E/           | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) |          |          |          |          |          |
| 23AD11E            |                                                   |          |          |          |          |          |

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

**Theory Components**

CO1: demonstrate the use of Django's core programming constructs to design and implement structured solutions. (CDL1)

CO2: apply MVC architecture and CRUD operations of Django to develop simple applications. (CDL2)

CO3: design and develop UI for dynamic web applications using Flask. (CDL2)

CO4: analyze and implement data management strategies in Flask applications. (CDL2)

### **Practical Components**

CO5: develop applications using Django for real-world scenarios. (PDL2)

CO6: develop applications using Flask for real-world scenarios. (PDL2)

**CO1: demonstrate the use of Django's core programming constructs to design and implement structured solutions.**

Working with APIs: RESTful architecture - Request library. Developer Tools and SQL: Assert statements

**L: 7,**

Web development using Django: Models – Basic data access – Forms; Getting data from the Request object - Custom Views- GET and POST methods -URL shortener -User model -Logic in templates – Static files

**P: 6**

**CO2: apply MVC architecture and CRUD operations of Django to develop simple applications.**

**CO5: develop applications using Django for real-world scenarios.**

**L: 8,**

MVC and MTV architecture in Django – Core files of Django -Object-Relational Mapping - CRUD operations using Django's ORM - JSON Building- Filtering Models -Working with Images- Authentication with tokens- Postman- Content types app

**P: 8**

Develop applications using CRUD operations and JSON objects using Django.

**CO3: design and develop UI for dynamic web applications using Flask**

**CO6: develop applications using Flask for real-world scenarios.**

Flask Fundamentals – Back-End Web Development using Flask – URL Routing – Rendering Templates – Static Files: Document Object Model – CSS and DOM – HTTP Objects: Request and Response Object – Web Forms – Redirects and User session – Cookies – Sessions.

**L: 8,**

**P: 8**

Build simple web page using Flask Core programming constructs.

**CO4: analyze and implement data management strategies in Flask applications.**

**CO6: develop applications using Flask for real-world scenarios.**

Databases – Python Database frameworks – Object Relational Model – Flask-SQLAlchemy – CRUD operations – NoSQL Databases – Flask-PyMongo – Integrating Email with application – Web API with Flask – Deploying Flask App.

**L: 7,**

**P: 8**

Develop applications using CRUD operations and JSON objects using Flask.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. W. S. Vincent, \*Django for Professionals\*, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Still River Press, 2022.
2. M. Lathkar, \*Building Web Apps with Python and Flask\*, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition paperback, BPB Publications, 2021.

### **REFERENCES:**

1. Nigel George, "Mastering Django: Core", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition Packt, 2016
2. Miguel Grinberg, "Flask Web Development", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2018

**L:30; P:30; TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**

| Course code                     | NO SQL DATABASES                                  | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS12E/<br>23IT12E/<br>23AD12E | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

### Theory Components

CO1: explore NoSQL databases, focusing on scalability, efficiency, and data challenges compared to relational databases. (CDL1)

CO2: apply replication, sharding, and distribution models to balance consistency, durability, and performance in databases. (CDL1)

CO3: apply document-oriented databases to address real-world challenges in e-commerce, content management, and real-time analytics.(CDL2)

CO4: develop solutions using column-oriented NoSQL databases, focusing on scalability, consistency, and real-world applications. (CDL2)

CO5: apply graph databases to develop scalable solutions for recommendation engines and location-based services. (CDL1)

### **CO1: explore NoSQL databases, focusing on scalability, efficiency, and data challenges compared to relational databases.**

NoSQL Databases -Value of Relational Databases- Getting at Persistent Data – Concurrency – Integration - Impedance Mismatch- Application and Integration Databases - Attack of the Clusters -Emergence of NoSQL- Aggregate Data Models: Consequences of Aggregate Orientation- Key-Value and Document Data Models, Column-Family Stores- Aggregate-Oriented Databases.

**L: 10**

### **CO2: apply replication, sharding, and distribution models to balance consistency, durability, and performance in databases.**

Replication and sharding- MapReduce on databases - Distribution Models - Single Server – Sharding- Master-Slave Replication- Peer-to-Peer Replication- Combining Sharding and Replication- Consistency - The CAP Theorem- Relaxing Durability- Quorums.

**L: 9**

### **CO3: apply document-oriented databases to address real-world challenges in e-commerce, content management, and real-time analytics.**

NoSQL Key/Value databases using MongoDB - Document Databases - Document oriented Database Features: Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features –Scaling - Suitable Use Cases: Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Real-Time Analytics, E-Commerce Applications, Complex Transactions Spanning Different Operations, Queries against Varying Aggregate Structure

**L: 9**

### **CO4: develop solutions using column-oriented NoSQL databases, focusing on scalability, consistency, and real-world applications.**

Column- oriented NoSQL databases using Apache HBASE, Column-oriented NoSQL databases using Apache Cassandra, Architecture of HBASE, Column-Family Data Store Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Event Logging, Content Management Systems, Blogging Platforms, Counters, Expiring Usage.

**L: 9**

**CO5:apply graph databases to develop scalable solutions for recommendation engines and location-based services.**

Graph Databases: Features, Consistency, Transactions, Availability, Query Features, Scaling, Suitable Use Cases, Connected Data, Routing, Dispatch, and Location-Based Services, Recommendation Engines. **L: 8**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Sadalage, P. & Fowler, “NoSQL Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Emerging World of Polyglot Persistence”, Wiley Publications, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2019.
2. Adam Fowler, “NoSQL for Dummies”, Wiley Publications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2020.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Dan Sullivan, “NoSQL For Mere Mortals”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2021.
2. Dan McCreary and Ann Kelly, “Making Sense of NoSQL: A Guide for Managers and the Rest of Us”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Manning Publications, 2020.
3. Kristina Chodorow, “MongoDB: The Definitive Guide - Powerful and Scalable Data Storage”, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2020.

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

| Course code                     | OPEN SOURCE TECHNOLOGIES FOR WEB DEVELOPMENT      | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS13E/<br>23IT13E/<br>23AD13E | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

**Theory Components**

- CO1: analyze the principles, benefits, and global impact of open source software. (CDL1)
- CO2: apply version control principles using Git and Demonstrate repository management and collaboration (CDL2)
- CO3: develop dynamic web applications that provide various functionalities (CDL2)
- CO4: apply MySQL database management and PHP integration to create dynamic applications (CDL3)
- CO5: analyze different open source ecosystems and adopt the most suitable solution for specific scenario (CDL2)

**CO1: analyze the principles, benefits, and global impact of open source software.**

Need of Open Sources – Advantages of Open Sources – OpenSource Applications - FOSS usage - Free Software Movement - Commercial aspects of Open Source movement - Open Source Software Development Model - Comparison with close source / Proprietary software - open source software licenses - Copy right - Copy left – Patent - Zero Marginal Technologies - Income generation opportunities – Internalization. **L: 8**

**CO2: apply version control principles using Git and Demonstrate repository management and collaboration**

Git and version control - Getting oriented with Git - Making and using a Git repository – Command line interface - Using Git with a GUI - Tracking and updating files in Git - Committing parts of changes – Cloning - Collaborating with remotes - Pushing changes - Working with GitHub **L: 8**

**CO3: develop dynamic web applications that provide various functionalities of PHP**

Open-Source Programming: PHP -Introduction - LAMP/WAMP installation -PHPScript Elements: operators -Statements -Loops; Working with Arrays – Functions - Global variables - Exception Handling -Session Handling – Form Processing and Validation. **L: 10**

**CO4: apply MySQL database management and PHP integration to create dynamic applications.**

Open-Source Database: MySQL - Introduction - Features – Account Setup and Commands –String Handling - Date and Time – Metadata. PHP and MySQL: database connection through PHP -Data Objects (PDO) -Handling Errors in MySQL - Transaction management. **L: 10**

**CO5: analyze different open-source ecosystems and adopt the most suitable solution for specific scenario**

Open-Source Ecosystem: Open-Source Operating Systems: GNU/Linux – Android – Free BSD – Open Solaris. Open-Source Hardware: Virtualization Technologies. Containerization Technologies: Docker – Development tools: IDEs – Debuggers. **L: 9**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Chris DiBona, Sam Ockman, and Mark Stone, “Open Sources 2.0: The Continuing Evolution”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Media, May 2021.
2. Scott Chacon & Ben Straub, “Pro Git”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Apress, March 2020.
3. Tom Butler, “PHP & MySQL: Novice to Ninja”, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, SitePoint, July 2020.
4. Todd McLeod, “Docker: Up & Running”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Media, January 2022.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Joseph Feller and Brian Fitzgerald, “Understanding Open Source Software: A Guide to Open Source Development, Business, and Law”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Addison-Wesley, January 2021.
2. Mark L. Shapiro, “Open Source Licensing: Software Freedom and Intellectual Property Law”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall, June 2021
3. Chris Shiflett, “PHP Solutions: Dynamic Web Design Made Easy”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Friends of ED, June 2020.
4. Ben S. Collins-Sussman, Brian W. Fitzpatrick, & Jason J. Merkey, “Version Control with Git”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Media, October 2020.
5. David Sklar, “PHP & MySQL: The Missing Manual”, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Media, September 2022. Ethan Brown, “Docker Deep Dive”, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Leanpub, February 2021.

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

| Course Code | POSTGRESQL DATABASE MANAGEMENT               | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS14E/    | (Common to CSE, IT, AI&DS Degree Programmes) | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| 23IT14E/    |                                              |   |   |   |   |   |
| 23AD14E     |                                              |   |   |   |   |   |

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

**Theory Component**

CO1: utilize PostgreSQL for database design, data manipulation, and management using basic data types, JSON/JSONB, and GUI tools. (CDL2)

CO2: apply advanced querying, normalization, indexing, and transaction techniques for database optimization. (CDL2)

CO3: build PostgreSQL-based applications using stored procedures, functions, and cloud integration with Java. (CDL3)

### **Practical Component**

CO4: implement data manipulation, advanced querying, and optimization using postgresQL.(PDL2)

CO5: design PostgreSQL solutions with data aggregation, automation, cloud deployment, and Java integration for efficient database management.(PDL2)

**CO1: utilize PostgreSQL for database design, data manipulation, and management using basic data types, JSON/JSONB, and GUI tools. L: 10  
P: 10**

**CO4: implement data manipulation, advanced querying, and optimization using postgresQL.**

Introduction to PostgreSQL - Database Models and Query Languages - PostgreSQL Architecture - Data Access and Manipulation with PostgreSQL - Storing and Accessing Data in a Database - Working with Multiple Tables and Join Operations - Designing Tables and Working with Basic Data Types - GUI Tools (pgAdmin, DBeaver) - Data Types and Creating User Records - JSON and JSONB Data Types

- Create Databases and Tables using PostgreSQL
- Perform Basic Data Manipulation operations.
- Perform Data Retrieval and Querying: using WHERE, ORDER BY, and GROUP BY also implement filtering with JSONB fields.
- Connect to the database using pgAdmin/DBeaver and Perform CRUD operations through the graphical interface.

**CO2: apply advanced querying, normalization, indexing, and transaction techniques for database optimization. L: 10  
P: 10**

**CO4: implement data manipulation, advanced querying, and optimization using postgresQL.**

Advanced Data Selection and Aggregate Functions - Complex Query Techniques: Subquery, Union Join, Self Join, Outer Join - Views- Normalization -Transaction and Locking Mechanisms: ACID Rules, Logs, and Multi-User Transactions - Locking Techniques: Avoiding Deadlocks - Indexing Techniques for Performance Optimization: B-Tree, Hash, GIN, and BRIN Indexes

- Implement advanced query techniques using SUBQUERY, UNION, SELF JOIN, and OUTER JOIN.
- Implement aggregate functions like SUM, AVG, MIN, and MAX.
- Normalize a database to the 3NF level and Implement FOREIGN KEY constraints to ensure data integrity.
- Implement transaction handling using BEGIN, COMMIT, and ROLLBACK and resolve deadlocks using explicit locking mechanisms.
- Implement indexing techniques using ( B-Tree/ GIN/ BRIN / Hash).

**CO3: build PostgreSQL-based applications using stored procedures, functions, and cloud integration with Java. L: 10 P: 10**

**CO5: design PostgreSQL solutions with data aggregation, automation, cloud deployment, and Java integration for efficient database management.**

Operators and Built-in Functions - Procedural Languages in PostgreSQL (PL/pgSQL) - Creating and Using Stored Procedures - SQL Functions and Triggers - Accessing PostgreSQL from Java using JDBC - Database Connections, JDBC Result Sets, and Creating JDBC Statements - Cloud Deployment and Hosting: Heroku and AWS RDS

- Create stored procedures for data aggregation and develop SQL functions for data transformation.
- Establish database connectivity using the PostgreSQL JDBC driver and perform CRUD operations from a Java application.
- Implement triggers to log data changes and automate data update tasks using triggers.
- Deploy PostgreSQL on Heroku or AWS RDS and connect a Java application to the cloud database and perform operations.

### TEXT BOOKS

1. H.J. Schönig, Mastering PostgreSQL 15: Advanced Techniques to Build and Manage Scalable, Reliable, and Fault-Tolerant Database Applications, 5<sup>th</sup> edition Birmingham, UK: Packt Publishing, 2022
2. R. Obe and L. Hsu, PostgreSQL: Up and Running, 3rd Edition, Sebastopol, CA, USA: O'Reilly Media, 2020.

### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. V.Vadlamani, PostgreSQL Skills Development on Cloud. Cham, Switzerland: Springer, 2023.
2. L. Ferrari and E. Pirozzi, Learn PostgreSQL: Use, Manage, and Build Secure and Scalable Databases with PostgreSQL 16, 2nd Edition. Birmingham, UK: Packt Publishing, 2023.

**L: 30; P:30 TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**

| Course Code                     | MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT               | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS15E/<br>23IT15E/<br>23AD15E | (Common to CSE, IT, AI&DS Degree Programmes) | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 4 |

### COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of this course, the student will be able to

#### Theory Component

CO1:examine mobile application architecture and android development tools for building customizedapplications (CDL1)

CO2:design intuitive and responsive user interfaces using material design principles (CDL2)

CO3:integrate mobile apps with REST APIs and various backend data services for dynamic content management (CDL2)

CO4:utilize device features like camera, location, notifications, and implement asynchronous tasks (CDL2)

### **Practical Component**

CO5: design and develop functional Android user interfaces and layouts using Android development tools (PDL2)

CO6: build and test robust cross-platform mobile apps using React Native and native Android APIs (PDL2)

**CO1: explore mobile application architecture and Android development tools for building customized applications** **L:6**

Mobile App Development Overview – Native Cross-platform - Android Architecture, Lifecycle, and Tools - Introduction to Android Studio and Kotlin Basics - Kotlin: Variables, Control Flow, OOP Concepts- Kotlin (KMP) - Android Project Structure, Gradle, and Build Process – APK Versioning - Design and implement a single-screen Android app using Kotlin and Android UI components. **P:6**

**CO5: design and develop functional Android user interfaces and layouts using Android development tools**

Use Kotlin control flow statements (if-else, when, loops) to create interactive app logic responding to user actions.

**CO2: design intuitive and responsive user interfaces using Material Design principles** **L:8**

UI/UX Principles and Material Design Standards - Jetpack Compose: Composable, Modifiers, State - Layouts: Column, Row, Scaffold, LazyColumn-Forms: TextField, Button, CheckBox, RadioButton, Dropdown- Input Components, Navigation, and Theming - Error Handling -Event Handling and Recomposition- Material Design Colors, Typography, Shapes. **P:7**

**CO5: design and develop functional Android user interfaces and layouts using Android development tools**

Create a dynamic UI for a product catalog screen using Compose, with filtering options and responsive layouts.

**CO3: integrate mobile apps with REST APIs and various backend data services for dynamic content management** **L:8**

Local Storage: SharedPreferences, Room DB (with DAO & ViewModel)- JSON Parsing, API Consumption using Retrofit, Coroutines- Integration with backend services: Flask (Python), Express (Node.js)- Introduction to SQLite access via APIs - Build an app that fetches and stores data via REST API. **P:8**

**CO6: build and test robust cross-platform mobile apps using React Native and native Android APIs**

Asynchronous data handling with coroutines – Node.js Express as backend and stores data in SQLite

**CO4: utilize device features like camera, location, notifications, and implement asynchronous tasks** **L:8**

Accessing Device Features: Camera, Location (Fused API), Sensors - Permissions (runtime), Notifications, File I/O- Multithreading with Coroutines - Debugging & Performance Optimization Tools- Unit Testing with JUnit, UI Testing with Espresso - App Signing, Versioning, ProGuard, Obfuscation - Publishing to Google Play Store. **P:9**

**CO6: build and test robust cross-platform mobile apps using React Native and native Android APIs**

API with push notifications – real world mobile applications development – test application.

## TEXT BOOKS

1. Neil Smyth, “Android Studio Development Essentials Kotlin”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Techotopia, 2023.
2. Mark L. Murphy, “The Busy Coder’s Guide to Android Development”, CommonsWare, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition 2019.

## REFERENCES

1. Valentino Lee, Heather Schneider, Robbie Schell, "Mobile Application Development: Android and iOS", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2023.
2. Reto Meier & Ian Lake, “Professional Android”, Wiley, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2022.
3. Bonnie Eisenman, “Learning React Native”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2020.
4. Bill Phillips, Chris Stewart, Kristin Marsicano, “Android Programming: The Big Nerd Ranch Guide”, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2019.

**L: 30; P: 30; TOTAL:60 PERIODS**

| Course Code                     | MINI – CAPSTONE PROJECT                           | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS19E/<br>23IT19E/<br>23AD19E | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

### Experiential Component

CO1: apply client-side (HTML, CSS, JavaScript) and server-side (Node.js, Express) technologies to design and implement responsive, scalable full-stack web applications. (PDL2)

CO2: design and integrate RESTful APIs with relational and NoSQL databases (e.g., MySQL, MongoDB) to enable efficient data exchange and persistence in full-stack systems. (PDL2)

CO3: develop and deploy secure, performance-optimized full-stack applications using CI/CD pipelines, containerization (Docker), and cloud platforms (Heroku, AWS). (PDL2)

CO4: create and evaluate real-world full-stack applications that incorporate user authentication, role-based access control, and real-time data updates using technologies like WebSockets. (PDL3)

### Soft Skill Component

CO5: demonstrate and present a full stack web application through effective team collaboration, technical and oral communication.

## **Module 1: Problem identification, technology selection and project ideation: E:15**

1. Overview of full stack architecture
  - Role of frontend, backend, and databases
  - RESTful services and APIs
  - Tools and technologies stack
2. Project Ideation
  - Introduction to user-centered design principles
  - Wireframing and prototyping tools
  - UI/UX Design

**Deliverable:** A design prototype ready for development.

## Module 2: Frontend Development

E: 20

### For Web Applications (MERN Stack / Python Web Frameworks):

- HTML5, CSS3, JavaScript
- Frontend frameworks: React.js or Django Templates
- State management: Context API / Redux
- Routing, component-based UI, API integration

### For Mobile Applications (React Native):

- Layout using Flexbox
- Navigation and routing
- Form inputs, lists, custom widgets

**Deliverable:** Fully developed frontend with interactive UI and data binding.

## Module 3:

E: 15

### Backend Development & API Integration

- REST API fundamentals and Frameworks
- Routing, middleware, and controllers
- CRUD operations, API error handling
- Authentication with JWT / OAuth or Firebase Auth
- Database Management
  - MongoDB (NoSQL) for MERN, PostgreSQL/MySQL for Django.
  - Database normalization, indexing and optimization

**Deliverable:** RESTful APIs to support frontend interactions.

## Module 4:

E: 20

### Authentication & Security

- Firebase Authentication or manual setup using Auth modules
- Role-based access control
- Input validation and secure API design
- Data encryption and session/token management

### Testing & Debugging

- Unit testing (frontend and backend)
  - React Testing Library / Jest / React Native Testing Library
  - Backend: PyTest, Jest, Mocha
- Integration testing using Postman or Swagger
- Debugging tools and console tracing

**Deliverable:** Secure login, registration and protected routes, Tested and verified components ensuring reliability.

## Module 5:

E:20

### Deployment & Version Control

- Version control with Git and GitHub
- CI/CD pipeline basics : GitHub Actions / Firebase CI
- Deployment platforms:
  - Web: Vercel, Netlify, Render, Firebase Hosting
  - Mobile: APK build, Play Store Publishing
- Hosting backend servers and databases

**Deliverable:** Deployed application accessible via web or mobile platform.

**E: 90; TOTAL: 90 PERIODS**

| Course code | COMPUTER VISION AND IMAGE PROCESSING              | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS21E/    | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 23IT21E/    |                                                   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 23AD21E     |                                                   |   |   |   |   |   |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

### Theory Components

CO1: apply principles of image formation, Geometric transformations, and color image processing techniques to augment the visual of the image. (CDL1)

CO2: apply image transforms, filtering, and morphological operations for image enhancement. (CDL1)

CO3: implement feature extraction, edge detection, and shape representation methods for image processing. (CDL1)

CO4: analyze classification, clustering, and neural network methods for pattern recognition. (CDL2)

CO5: analyze and apply segmentation, and tracking techniques in image processing. CDL2)

### **CO1: apply principles of image formation, Geometric transformations, and color image processing techniques to enhance the visual of the image.**

Introduction to Computer Vision - Image Formation and Radiometry-Geometric Transformation-2D transformations-3D transformations-Geometric Camera Models-Image formation in a stereo vision setup-Image Reconstruction from a Series of Projections-Inverse Radon transform - back-projection -Fourier transform - Color models-Color constancy- Color Image Processing

**L: 9**

### **CO2: apply image transforms, filtering, and morphological operations for image enhancement.**

Fundamentals of Image Processing-Image Transforms-Discrete Fourier transform-Discrete cosine transform-K-L transform-Wavelet transform-Image Filtering-Spatial domain filtering-Frequency domain filtering-Homomorphic filtering-Wiener filter for image restoration- -Mathematical Morphology

**L: 9**

### **CO3: implement feature extraction, edge detection, and shape representation methods for image processing.**

Image Descriptors and Features-Texture Descriptors- Color Features-Edge Detection- Object Boundary and Shape Representations-SUSAN edge and corner point detector-Moravec corner detector-Histogram of Oriented Gradients-Scale Invariant Feature Transform-Speeded up Robust Features.

**L: 9**

### **CO4:analyze classification, clustering, and neural network methods for pattern recognition**

Introduction to Pattern Recognition-Linear Regression-Basic Concepts of Decision Functions-Elementary Statistical Decision Theory-Gaussian Classifier-Parameter Estimation-Clustering for Knowledge Representation-Dimension Reduction-Template Matching-Artificial Neural Network for Pattern Classification-Convolutional Neural

**L: 9**

Networks-Autoencoder.

**CO5: analyze and apply segmentation, and tracking techniques in image processing.**

Clustering for image segmentation-Graph partitioning methods-Image segmentation by neural networks-Probabilistic models for image segmentation-Motion Estimation and Object Tracking-Face and Facial Expression Recognition-Gesture Recognition-Image Fusion.

**L: 9**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Manas Kamal Bhuyan, "Computer Vision and Image Processing Fundamentals and Applications", CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group, Paperback, 2020.
2. Richard Szeliski, "Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications", Springer Texts in Computer Science, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2022.
3. Computer Vision: A Modern Approach, D. A. Forsyth, J. Ponce, Pearson Education, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2015.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Yu-Jin Zhang, "3-D computer vision principles and algorithms", Springer Singapore, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2023
2. Sonka, Hlavac, and Boyle. Thomson, "Image Processing, Analysis, and Machine Vision", Cengage Learning, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2017.
3. D. Forsyth and J. Ponce, "Computer Vision - A modern approach", Pearson Education, Inc., 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2015.
4. B. K. P. Horn, "Prentice Hall Robot Vision", McGraw-Hill, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2015.

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

| Course code | MACHINE LEARNING TECHNIQUES                       | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS22E/    | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| 23IT22E/    |                                                   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 23AD22E     |                                                   |   |   |   |   |   |

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

**Theory Components**

CO1: understand the foundations and mathematics of machine learning. (CDL1)

CO2: apply supervised learning algorithms to solve classification and regression problems. (CDL1)

CO3: apply the core concepts of deep neural networks and optimization techniques to enhance model performance. (CDL1)

CO4: apply unsupervised learning and dimensionality reduction to analyze and interpret data. (CDL1)

**Practical Components**

CO5: implement and evaluate supervised learning models to solve classification and regression problems. (PDL1)

CO6: design, implement, and optimize deep learning models for solving real-world problems. (PDL1)

CO7: implement and evaluate unsupervised models to enhance model performance and accuracy. (PDL1)

**CO1: understand the foundations and mathematics of machine learning.**

Review of Linear Algebra for machine learning; Introduction and motivation for machine learning; Examples of machine learning applications, Vapnik-Chervonenkis (VC) dimension, Probably Approximately Correct (PAC) learning, Hypothesis spaces, Inductive bias, Generalization, Bias variance trade-off.

**L: 8**

**CO2: apply supervised learning algorithms to solve classification and regression problems.**

**CO5: implement and evaluate supervised learning models to solve classification and regression problems.**

Linear Regression Models: Least squares, single & multiple variables, Bayesian linear regression, gradient descent, Linear Classification Models: Discriminant function – Perceptron algorithm, Probabilistic discriminative model - Logistic regression, Probabilistic generative model – Naive Bayes, Maximum margin classifier – Support vector machine, Decision Tree, Random Forests

**L:11**

**P: 9**

Implement linear regression to predict house prices based on a dataset (e.g., Boston Housing).

Implement an SVM classifier on a dataset (e.g., Iris or MNIST) and evaluate the model's accuracy and performance

Apply K-fold cross-validation and bootstrapping to evaluate Logistic Regression and SVM on a dataset.

**CO3: apply the core concepts of deep neural networks and optimization techniques to enhance model performance.**

**CO6: design, implement, and optimize deep learning models for solving real-world problems.**

Multilayer perceptron, activation functions, network training – gradient descent optimization – stochastic gradient descent, error backpropagation, from shallow networks to deep networks – Unit saturation – ReLU, hyperparameter tuning, batch normalization, regularization, dropout.

**L: 7**

**P:12**

Implement an MLP for classification on a dataset (e.g., MNIST) and experiment with various activation functions (sigmoid, tanh, ReLU).

Train a deep network using gradient descent and stochastic gradient descent (SGD). Tune hyperparameters such as learning rate, batch size, and number of epochs to optimize the model's performance on a dataset.

Apply advanced techniques like dropout, batch normalization and regularization to a deep neural network trained on a dataset to prevent overfitting and improve generalization.

**CO4: apply unsupervised learning and dimensionality reduction to analyze and interpret data.**

**CO7: Implement and evaluate unsupervised models to enhance model performance and accuracy.**

**L: 4**

**P: 9**

Unsupervised learning: K-means, Instance Based Learning: KNN, Gaussian mixture models and Expectation maximization, Principal Component Analysis

Implement K-means clustering to group data points into clusters and apply PCA for

dimensionality reduction.

Implement K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) for classification on a dataset (e.g., Wine Quality). Compare its performance with Gaussian Mixture Models (GMM) for the same dataset.

### TEXT BOOKS

1. Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning", MIT Press, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2020.
2. Stephen Marsland, "Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, CRC Press, 2014.

### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Christopher M. Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Springer, 2006.
2. Tom Mitchell, "Machine Learning", McGraw Hill, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 1997.
3. Mehryar Mohri, Afshin Rostamizadeh, Ameet Talwalkar, "Foundations of Machine Learning", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, MIT Press, 2012, 2018.
4. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, "Deep Learning", MIT Press, 2016
5. Sebastain Raschka, Vahid Mirjalili, "Python Machine Learning", Packt publishing 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2019.

**L: 30; P: 30; TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**

| Course Code | AI TOOLS FOR NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING      | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS23E/    | (Common to B.E. CSE and B.Tech.IT Programmes) | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| 23IT23E     |                                               |   |   |   |   |   |

### COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

#### Theory Components

**CO1:**Comprehend the fundamental concepts, architectures, and challenges in NLP(CDL1)

**CO2:**Apply AI-based NLP tools for tasks such as text processing, sentiment analysis,and language modeling. (CDL1)

**CO3:**Apply ML and deep learning models for NLP, fine-tune transformers, and evaluate model performance (CDL1)

**CO4:** Integrate AI-driven NLP systems into real-world tasks, measure their impact, and address ethical concerns. (CDL2)

#### Practical Components

**CO5:** Implement text preprocessing, POS tagging, and text similarity analysis through word embeddings (PDL1)

**CO6:** Develop and deploy NLP and AI-based applications for sentiment analysis, chatbots, and APIs.(PDL2)

**CO1:Comprehend the fundamental concepts, architectures, and challenges in NLP**

Basics of Natural Language Processing:Components of NLP, Morphology, Syntax, Semantics, Pragmatics - AI in NLP: Machine Learning vs. Deep Learning Approaches - **L:5**  
Challenges in NLP (Ambiguity, Context Understanding, etc.) - Overview of AI-based NLP Tools (NLTK, SpaCy)

**CO2: Apply AI-based NLP tools for tasks such as text processing, sentiment analysis, and language modeling.**

Text Preprocessing: Stopword Removal, Lemmatization, And Stemming - Named Entity Recognition (NER) and Part-of-Speech (POS) Tagging Word Embedding's: Word2Vec, GloVe, FastText - Text Classification and Sentiment Analysis - Implementing NLP pipelines using AI tools

**L: 7**

**CO5: Implement text preprocessing, POS tagging, and text similarity analysis through word embeddings.**

**P:10**

Install and set up NLP libraries:(NLTK, SpaCy), Implement basic text preprocessing (tokenization, stemming, and lemmatization),Perform Part-of-Speech (POS) tagging,Apply word embeddings (Word2Vec, GloVe) to analyze text similarity.

**CO3:Apply ML and deep learning models for NLP, fine-tune transformers, and evaluate model performance**

**L: 9**

Traditional ML Models for NLP (Naïve Bayes, SVM, etc.) - Deep Learning for NLP: RNN, LSTM, GRU- Transformer Models: BERT, GPT, T5, etc. - Fine-tuning Pretrained Models for NLP Tasks - Comparing AI-based NLP models using performance metrics.

**CO4: Integrate AI-driven NLP systems into real-world tasks, measure their impact, and address ethical concerns.**

AI-powered Chatbots and Virtual Assistants - Machine Translation (Google Translate, DeepL, etc.) - Speech-to-Text and Text-to-Speech Applications - Ethical Considerations in AI-based NLP (Bias, Fairness, Privacy) - Case Studies of AI-driven NLP Systems- Customizing AI Models - Deploying AI-based NLP Systems (API, Cloud, etc.)

**L: 9**

**CO6: Develop and deploy NLP and AI-based applications for sentiment analysis, chatbots, and APIs.**

Implement a text and spam classifier using Naïve Bayes, Scikit-Learn and TF-IDF, Build a rule-based chatbot using NLTK,Implement a text-to-speech system using Google, Text-to-Speech (gTTS),

**P: 20**

Develop a social media sentiment analysis tool using BERT, Build and deploy a chatbot using Rasa or Dialog flow, Train a custom NLP model and deploy it as an API using FastAPI.

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Daniel Jurafsky and James H. Martin, "Speech and Language Processing", Pearson Education, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2024.
2. Deep Learning for Natural Language Processing, by PalashGoyal et al., 2018

**REFERENCES:**

1. Steven Bird, Ewan Klein and Edward Loper, Natural Language Processing with Python, O'Reilly Media publications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition,2023.
2. Natural Language Processing with Python (NLTK Book) - Steven Bird, Ewan Klein, Edward Loper-2009.
3. Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow Aurélien Géron,2<sup>nd</sup> Edition,2019.

**L: 30;P:30; TOTAL: 60PERIODS**

| Course Code         | Fundamentals of Deep Learning                     | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS25E/<br>23IT23E | (Common to B.E. (CSE) and B.Tech.(IT) Programmes) | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of this course, the student will be able to

### Theory Component

- CO1: Apply neural network and machine learning optimization techniques to build, optimize, and evaluate predictive models. (CDL2)
- CO2: Implement and analyze convolutional and recurrent neural network architectures for processing image and sequence data. (CDL2)
- CO3: Optimize and fine-tune deep neural networks by applying advanced strategies to improve training efficiency, generalization, and performance. (CDL2)
- CO4: Apply advanced deep learning models, including attention mechanisms and generative architectures, for complex data representation and generation. (CDL2)

### Practical Component

- CO5: Implement and evaluate deep learning models (pre-trained) for real-world tasks involving classification, image analysis, and sequence generation. (PDL2)
- CO6: Develop and optimize advanced deep learning models for object detection, graph-based learning, and natural language processing applications using MLOps framework. (PDL2)

### **CO1: Apply neural network and machine learning optimization techniques to build, optimize, and evaluate predictive models. L:9**

Machine Learning optimization techniques – Underfitting and Overfitting – Hyper parameters and validation sets – Estimators – Maximum Likelihood Estimation – Optimization – Evaluating the models - Introduction to Neural Networks – Perceptron – Multilayer Feed forward networks – Back propagation – Activation functions – Loss Function – Regularization. Data Augmentation - Noise Robustness – Early Stopping – Bagging – Dropout – batch normalization.

### **CO2: Implement and analyze convolutional and recurrent neural network architectures for processing image and sequence data. L:7**

### **CO5: Implement and evaluate deep learning models (pre-trained) for real-world tasks involving classification, image analysis, and sequence generation. P:15**

Convolutional Neural Networks – Convolution Operation – Architecture Overview – Input layers – Convolutional layers – pooling layers – fully connected layers Recurrent Neural networks – LSTM – Bidirectional RNNs – RNN Language model – Word Level RNN - Deep Recurrent Networks – Recursive Neural Networks.

Implementation of Linear and Logistic regression models, Create a simple classifier using Feed forward network, Implement CNN for image classification, Implement a language model using RNN, Mini Project - Facemask Detection using CNN , Text Generation using RNN , Text to Speech using LSTM

### **CO3: Optimize and fine-tune deep neural networks by applying advanced strategies to improve training efficiency, generalization, and performance. L:7**

Optimization in deep learning– Non-convex optimization for deep networks- Stochastic Optimization- Generalization in neural networks- Spatial Transformer Networks Tuning

Deep Networks – Basic Concepts – Matching input data and network architecture – relating model goal and output layers – Working layer count, parameter count and Memory – weight initialization strategies – using activation functions – applying loss function – Dealing with overfitting.

**CO4: Apply advanced deep learning models, including attention mechanisms and generative architectures, for complex data representation and generation.** L:7

**CO6: Develop and optimize advanced deep learning models for object detection, graph based learning applications using MLOps framework.** P:15

Encoder Decoder Models - Attention Mechanism - Attention over images – Hierarchical Attention – Variational auto encoders – Autoregressive models – NADE – MADE - PixelRNN – Generative Adversarial Networks (GANs) – Graph Convolution Network – Deep Belief Network.

Implement optimization techniques for CNN and RNN models, Implementation of Encoder Decoder model, Implementation of Graph Convolution network, Implement Faster RCNN, Implementation of object tracking. Mini Project - Object detection using Yolo algorithms, Diseases prediction using GCN models, Sentiment analysis using BERT models.

### TEXT BOOKS

1. Francois Chollet, “Deep Learning With Python”, Manning Publications, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2024.
2. Josh Patterson, Adam Gibson,” Deep Learning: A Practitioner’s Approach”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition,O’Reilly Media, Inc, 2017

### REFERENCES

1. Bengio, Yoshua, Ian J. Goodfellow and Aaron Courville, "Deep learning" An MIT Press book in preparation, 2016.
2. Vinita silaparasetty, “Deep Learning Projects TensorFlow 2”, Apress 2020.
3. Antonio Gulli, Amita Kappor, Sujit Pal, “ Deep Learning with TensorFlow 2 and Keras”, Pack Publishers, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2019
4. Deng & Yu, Deep Learning: Methods and Applications, Now Publishers, 2013.
5. Michael Nielsen, Neural Networks and Deep Learning, Determination Press, 2015.
6. Dr.Adrian Rosebrock, Deep Learning for Computer Vision with Python: Starter Bundle,PyImage Search, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2017.
7. AurelienGeron, “Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn and TensorFlow:Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent System”, 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition,O’Relly,2017

**L: 30; P: 30; TOTAL:60 PERIODS**

| Course Code         | MINI-CAPSTONE PROJECT                             | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS29E/<br>23IT29E | (Common to B.E. (CSE) and B.Tech.(IT) Programmes) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 3 |

### COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

#### Experiential Component

CO1: Analyze real-world problems and preprocess relevant data to identify suitable applications of deep learning, reinforcement learning, and natural language processing. (PDL2)

CO2: Design and develop intelligent systems using appropriate models and algorithms from deep learning, reinforcement learning, and NLP to address identified problems. (PDL2).

CO3: Evaluate the performance of developed intelligent systems and optimize them using suitable metrics and tuning techniques.(PDL3)

### **Soft skill Component**

Enhance problem-solving and adaptability skills by navigating complex tasks and applying innovative solutions in team-oriented environments.

Each student individually selects any project in their area of interest in engineering design and work under the supervision of their allotted guide approved by Head of the department.

**Module 1: Problem Identification & Data Preparation** Understand the scope of computational intelligence in solving real-world problems **E: 20**

1. Brainstorm and finalize problem statements across domains (healthcare, finance, education, etc.)
2. Data acquisition and preprocessing (cleaning, normalization, feature extraction)
3. Submission of project proposal including objectives, data description, and expected outcomes

Deliverable: Approved project proposal document with data plan

### **Module 2: System Design & Model Development**

Select appropriate computational techniques (DL, RL, NLP)

**E:25**

1. Design model architecture based on the problem domain
2. Train initial models using tools like TensorFlow, Py-Torch, OpenAI Gym, Hugging-Face, etc.
3. Implement smart (automate and optimize) training pipelines

Deliverable: Model design document and training scripts

### **Module 3: System Integration & Performance Evaluation**

1. Integrate model with end-user applications or pipelines
2. Evaluate using performance metrics (accuracy, precision, reward score, BLEU score, etc.)
3. Perform model tuning (hyperparameter optimization, regularization, fine-tuning)
4. Conduct comparative analysis and validation

**E: 25**

Deliverable: Working intelligent system with evaluation report

### **Module 4: Final Demonstration & Reporting**

Live demonstration of the system (input to intelligent output)

**E:20**

1. Technical documentation and final project report
2. Code repository submission (e.g., GitHub)
3. Viva-voce and Q&A based on COs

Deliverables:

- Live demo session
- Final project report
- Code submission

**E: 90; Total: 90 PERIODS**

| Course code                     | COMPUTER GRAPHICS                                 | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS31E/<br>23IT31E/<br>23AD31E | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

### Theory Components

- CO1: apply the basic of computer graphics, line and shape drawing algorithms in computer applications. (CDL1)
- CO2: analyze 2D and 3D transformations and perform clipping operations using various algorithms for efficient viewing and rendering in computer graphics. (CDL2)
- CO3: analyze and apply object representation methods, and visible surface detection algorithms. (CDL2)
- CO4: implement 3D viewing techniques and rendering algorithms for effective visualization. (CDL2)
- CO5: apply animation principles, design sequence in gaming scenarios. (CDL2)

### **CO1: apply the basic of computer graphics, line and shape drawing algorithms in computer applications.**

Introduction to Computer Graphics - Application areas of Computer Graphics - Overview of graphics systems - Video display devices - Raster-scan systems - Random scan systems - Graphics monitors - Work stations - Input devices- Principles of Modeling.

**L:9**

Output primitives - Points and lines - Line drawing algorithms - Mid- point circle and Ellipse algorithms.

Filled area primitives - Scan line polygon fill algorithm - Boundary-fill and Flood-fill algorithms.

### **CO2: analyze 2D and 3D transformations and perform clipping operations using various algorithms for efficient viewing and rendering in computer graphics.**

2D and 3D Geometric Transformations – Scaling - Shearing - Rotation - Reflection, Translation - Composite Transformations - Ray and Path Tracing.

**L:9**

2D Viewing - Viewing Pipeline - Window to view-port coordinate Transformation. Clipping Operations - Point Clipping - Cohen Sutherland Line Clipping - Sutherland Hodgeman Polygon Clipping.

### **CO3: analyze and apply object representation methods and visible surface detection algorithms.**

3-D object representation: Polygon surfaces - Quadric surfaces - Spline representation - Hermite curve - Bezier curve and B-Spline curve - Bezier and B-Spline surfaces - Basic illumination models - Polygon rendering methods.

**L:9**

3-D viewing: Viewing pipeline - Viewing coordinates and clipping - Visible surface detection methods- Classification - Back-face detection - Depth-buffer scan-line - depth sorting - BSP-tree methods.

**CO4: implement 3D viewing techniques and rendering algorithm for effective visualization.**

Projections-Parallel and Perspective Projection -Bezier Curves and Surfaces - B-Spline Curves and Surfaces - Visible Surface Detection Algorithms - Back-Face Detection Algorithm - Depth Buffer Method - Scan line Method. **L:10**

Color Models - RGB Color Model - YIQ Color Model -CMY Color Model - HSV Color Model - Conversion Between HSV and RGB Models and HLS Color Model

**CO5: apply animation principles, design sequence in gaming scenarios.**

Animation: Principles of animation - Design of Animation Sequences - Animation Functions - Raster Animations - Key-Frame Systems - Motion Specifications - Computer Graphics in games. **L:8**

**TEXT BOOKS**

1. Peter Shirley, Fundamentals of Computer Graphics, A K Peters/CRC Press, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2022.
2. Edward Angel and Dave Shreiner: Interactive Computer Graphics: A Top-Down Approach with WebGL, Addison-Wesley, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2020.
3. Sumanta Guha, Computer Graphics through OpenGL: from theory to experiments, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, CRC Press, 2023.
4. Hamza Zubair, Computer Graphics, Toronto Academic Press, 2024.
5. John F. Hughes, Computer Graphics: Principles and Practice, Addison-Wesley, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2014.

**REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Eric Lengyel, 3D Graphics for Game Programming, A K Peters/CRC Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2023.
2. Roger D. Rogers and David F. McLain: Computer Graphics: A Programmed Approach, Prentice Hall, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2019.
3. Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker: Computer Graphics Using OpenGL, Prentice Hall, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014.

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

| Course code                     | UI/UX DESIGN                                      | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS32E/<br>23IT32E/<br>23AD32E | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 |

**COURSEOUTCOMES**

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

**Theory Components**

CO1: analyze UX principles and processes to create user-centered solutions. (CDL1)

CO2: apply User research and UI design principles for user friendly interface. (CDL2)

CO3: utilize interactive design techniques for an engaging UI design. (CDL2)

CO4: apply responsive design principles to create adaptable digital interfaces. (CDL2)

**Experiential component**

CO5: design user-friendly, visually appealing interfaces and provide industry-relevant insights by applying UX design principles. (PDL1)

### **Softskill component**

CO6: demonstrate creativity, diverse and inclusive attitude while practicing project component.

**CO1: analyze UX principles and processes to create user-centered solutions. (CDL1). L:8**

Introduction about UX - Five Main Ingredients of UX - Three “Whats” of User Perspective -Pyramid of UX Impact - UX Is a Process - UX - Not an Event or Task.Behaviour Basics: Psychology versus Culture - User Psychology - Experience - Conscious vs Subconscious Experience - Emotions - Gain and Loss – Motivations.

**CO2: apply User research and UI design principles for user friendly interface. (CDL2) L:10**

User research: Design thinking process –Conduct research methodologies - Interviews - E:8  
Surveys -Card Sorting - Creating User personas- Basic of Information Architecture - UI design principles- Creating UI Design – User Centered Design – site mapping and wireframe techniques – UI Aesthetics – Introduction to Design Tools.

**CO3: utilize interactive design techniques for an engaging UI design. (CDL2) L:8**

Designing Web Interfaces – Grid and Layout – DesignPattern -Visual Hierarchy-Basics of Interaction design – structure and navigation - UI animation: Loading progress-state changes- structure and navigations Micro interaction – Branding - iterative design - Interactive prototypes E:12

**CO4: apply responsive design principles to create adaptable digital interfaces.(CDL2) L:4**

ResponsiveDesign -Adaptive design - Understanding user diversity - Adaptive and Fluid E:10  
layouts - Performance optimization - Future trends and updates-Create a responsive design for various devices and screen sizes.

**CO5: design user-friendly, visually appealing interfaces and provide industry-relevant insights.**

### **TEXT BOOKS**

1. JoelMarsh, “UXforBeginners”, O'Reilly, Media, Inc., 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2015.
2. Alvin Albuerro De Luna - Essentials of User Interface Design :E-book Edition, 2022
3. XiaJiajia, “UI UX Design”, O'Reilly, Art power International, 2016.

### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. David Travis, “Fundamentals of Creating a Great UI/UX”, Creative Tim, 2022.
2. Raywenderlich Tutorial Team, Prateek Prasad – “App Design Apprentice A Non-designer's Guide to Making Better Mobile UI &UX”:E-book Edition, 2022
3. AlanDix, Janet Finlay, Gregory Abowd, Russell Beale, “Human Computer Interaction”, Pearson Education, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2004.
4. Alan Cooper, “The Essential of User Interface Design”, Wiley Dream Tech Ltd., 2002.

**L: 30; E: 30; TOTAL:60 PERIODS.**

| Course code | BLOCKCHAIN GAMING                                 | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS33E/    | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) |   |   |   |   |   |
| 23IT33E/    |                                                   | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| 23AD33E     |                                                   |   |   |   |   |   |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

### Theory Components

**CO1:** develop foundational skills for Game Development. (CDL1)

**CO2:** demonstrate proficiency in 2D & 3D graphics by applying Physics, Materials, 3D Character Control and Particle Systems. (CDL2)

**CO3:** apply 3D Animation, Camera Control, Audio management and UI design for Game Development. (CDL2)

**CO4:** integrate the concepts of Non-Fungible Tokens to a game using Blockchain. (CDL1)

**CO5:** design a Blockchain game using backend & frontend tools and frameworks. (CDL1)

### Practical Components

**CO6:** develop games using 2D & 3D graphics with animation techniques and interactions in Unity. (PDL2)

**CO7:** design and Demonstrate User Interface, Audio in gaming environment. (PDL2)

**CO8:** create and deploy an NFT Smart Contract on a Blockchain within a Game. (PDL1)

**CO1: develop foundational skills for Game Development.**

**CO6: develop games using 2D & 3D graphics with animation techniques and interactions in Unity.**

Introduction to Game Development – Working in Unity: Game Objects – Components – Prefabs – Scenes – Assets - Building Unity Projects - Unity Packages – Scripting: life cycle of a script - Accessing Components - Finding Objects – Singletons - Using Coroutines – Managing Objects – Scriptable Object – Input: Keyboard Input – Unity Input system – Input Actions – Locking and Hiding the Mouse Cursor – Mouseover and Click Events.

**L:5  
P:6**

Develop a Script for 2D games using Unity.

**CO2: demonstrate proficiency in 2D & 3D graphics by applying Physics, Materials, 3D Character Control and Particle Systems.**

**CO6: develop games using 2D & 3D graphics with animation techniques and interactions in Unity.**

2D Graphics: Creating a Sprite with 2D Physics – Customizing Sprite Collision Shapes – Composite Collider – Sprite Packer – Applying Forces to 2D Objects - 3D Graphics: Creating a Simple Material - Controlling a Material's Property - Creating an Unlit Material - Setting Up a Material Using Textures – Understanding Fixed Update – Mouse Look – Controlling a 3D Character - Interacting with Switches and Objects - Picking Up and Putting Down Objects - Particle system.

**L:6  
P:8**

Develop a Script for 3D games using Unity.

Create a Unity project to apply animation techniques and particle system.

**CO3: apply 3D Animation, Camera Control, Audio management and UI design for Game Development.**

**CO7: design and Demonstrate User Interface, Audio in gaming environment.**

**L:7  
P:8**

Animating an Object - Basic Character Movement - Inverse Kinematics – Masked

Movement - Blended Movement - Tracking and switching Camera - Keeping Multiple Objects in View – Dollying a camera - Audio: Playing Sounds – Mixer – Audio Effects – Ducking – Multiple Audio Zones – Playing Audio with Scripts - User Interface: Working with UI Controls – Animating the UI.

Design an animated game to adopt better UI experience.

**CO4: integrate Non-Fungible Token (NFT) concepts into a game using Blockchain.**

**CO8: create and deploy an NFT Smart Contract on a Blockchain within a Game.**

Introduction to Blockchain Game Development – Decentralized Game Architecture – Benefits of Blockchain Games - Challenges of Blockchain Games - Non-Fungible Tokens (NFTs) in Gaming – NFT Standards (ERC-721, ERC-1155) - Designing and Minting NFTs – Creating a Mint Site – Create an NFT Smart Contract - Implementing Smart Contracts for Games - NFTs in Unity - NFT Trading and Royalties **L:6 P:8**

Creating a Mint Site and NFT Smart Contract using Blockchain.

**CO5: design a Blockchain game using backend & frontend tools and frameworks.**

Blockchain Game Backend Development - Setting Up Game Servers - Integrating Blockchain Nodes - Blockchain Game Development Tools and Frameworks (Unity, Unreal Engine, Web3.js) - Frontend Development for Blockchain Games - Web3-Enabled User Interfaces - Wallet Integration and Management - Play-to-Earn Mechanisms - Real-World Examples of Blockchain Games. **L:6**

#### TEXT BOOKS:

1. Paris Butfield-Addison, Jon Manning, and Tim Nugent, “Unity Game Development Cookbook: Real-Time Solutions from Game Development to AI”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, O’Reilly Media, 2023.
2. Ashley Godbold, “Mastering UI Development with Unity”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Packt Publisher, 2024.
3. Victor G Brusca, “Advanced Unity Game Development”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Apress Publisher, 2022.

#### REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Ryley James, “NFT for Beginners”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, ISBN-13: 9798502200295, 2021.
2. John P.Doran, “Unity 2022 Mobile Game Development”, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Packt Publisher, 2023.
3. Franz Lanzinger, “3D Game Development with Unity”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, CRC Press – Taylor & Francis Group, 2022.
4. Anthony Davis, Travis Baptiste, Russell Craig, “Unity 3D Game Development”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Packt publisher, 2022
5. Swayam NPTEL Course on “Making Learning Engaging Through Interactive Games”, Swayam NPTEL Course on “Blockchain Architecture Design and Use Cases”.

**L:30; P:30; TOTAL:60 PERIODS**

| Course Code                     | AUGMENTED REALITY AND VIRTUAL REALITY             | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS35E/<br>23IT35E/<br>23AD35E | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

**CO1:** utilize the foundations and trends of immersive technologies in relevant applications (CDL1)

**CO2:** apply appropriate AR tools to highlight interactivity in applications. (CDL1)

**CO3:** apply VR technologies in emerging applications. (CDL1)

**CO4:** apply rendering and modeling techniques in VR distributed architectures (CDL2)

**CO5:** analyze various frameworks and development tools in VR domain. (CDL2)

**CO1: utilize the foundations and trends of immersive technologies in relevant applications. (CDL1)**

Introduction to Immersive Technologies - Historical evolution of immersive technologies –AR, VR- Key characteristics and taxonomy -Technological Foundations - Current Trends and Future Directions **L:4**

**CO2: apply appropriate AR tools to highlight interactivity in applications. (CDL1)**

Augmented reality: Introduction – Types of AR targets –components – User experience - Field of view – visual perception – Degree Of Freedom (DOF) - 3D formats - applications of AR – AR concepts: sensors - processor – display- Ingredients of AR experience- SDK Tools: Vuforia – AR Toolkit – AR core - AR foundation – AR algorithm: SLAM - AR devices. **L:9**

**CO3: apply VR technologies in emerging applications. (CDL1)**

Virtual reality: Introduction-The Three I's of VR- Input devices - Trackers, Navigation, Gesture, Output devices – Graphic displays - Human vision System - Gaze interaction - Characteristics -technologies (LCD,LED,OLED,AMOLED),HMDs,3D sound, Haptic Displays-Human Auditory System- Emerging applications (e.g., metaverse, digital twins) – VR HMD devices. **L:10**

**CO4: apply rendering and modeling techniques in VR distributed architectures. (CDL2)**

Fundamentals of Computer Graphics-Rendering and graphics pipeline- Modern graphics and haptic rendering pipeline -Gaming desktop architecture -Distributed VR architectures-cloud rendering- Geometric modelling - 3D authoring software and scanners - scene illumination - Texture mapping - Transformation invariants - behaviour modelling – Level of detail management (LOD). **L:10**

**CO5: analyze various frameworks and development tools in VR domain. (CDL2)**

VR tools: XR interaction toolkit - OpenXR - Meta XR All-in-one SDK – HP VR launch kit - SteamVR plugin - Amazon Sumerian - Godot Engine - A-Frame(webVR) – CoSpaces Edu - Three.JS – WebGL - Babylon.js. **L:12**

## TEXT BOOKS:

1. Jonathan Linowes, “Augmented Reality with unity AR foundation”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Packt publishing, 2021
2. Jonathan Linowes and Krystian Babilinski,”Augmented Reality for Developers”,1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Packt publishing,2017.
3. GrioreC.Burdea and Philippe Coiffet,”Virtual Reality Technology”,3<sup>rd</sup> Edition,IEEE press-wiley, 2024.

4. Steven M. LaValle, "Virtual Reality," 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2017

#### REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Micheal Lanham. "Learn ARCore – Fundamentals of Google ARCore", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Packt publishing, 2018.
2. Paul Mealy, John Carucci, "Virtual & Augmented Reality for Dummies," 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, For Dummies, 2017.
3. Tomas Akenine-Möller, Eric Haines, "Real-Time Rendering," 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, A K Peters, CRC Press, 2018.

**L:45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

| Course Code                     | DESIGN OF VIRTUAL REALITY SYSTEMS                 | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS37E/<br>23IT37E/<br>23AD37E | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3 |

#### COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

##### Theory Component

CO1: Apply foundational principles of Virtual Reality (VR) Systems. (CDL2)

CO2: Design prototypes with interactive VR experiences for improving usability. (CDL2)

##### Experiential Component

CO3: Deploy customizable immersive solutions for real-world applications.(PDL3)

##### Soft Skill Component

Demonstrate effective communication and teamwork (Multi-disciplinary) in VR project development.

**CO1: Apply foundational principles of Virtual Reality (VR) Systems. (CDL2) L:8**

Introduction – Threes I's of VR – History of VR –AR/VR/MR/XR Difference –Types of VR experience – Types of HMD –VR Input Devices and Tracking - Output Devices – Google Cardboard, Daydream – Gear VR – HTC Vive – Oculus HMD – HoloLens – Apple Vision Pro – VR SDK Packages- Navigation, Teleportation and Locomotion techniques

**CO2: Design prototypes with interactive VR experiences for improving usability. L:7 (CDL2)**

Lighting and Rendering Strategies - Create menu panel UI Design – Light Probes and Reflection Probes - Physics Particle system – GameObject Life Cycle – Terrain - ProBuilder and ProGrids - Skyboxes – Animation – Audio – Frame rates - Optimizing performance – LOD – Lighting and baking – Occlusion culling – Rendering pipeline

**CO3: Deploy customizable immersive solutions for real-world applications. (PDL3) E:45**

Setting up VR Project (Unity/Unreal) – World Space UI Design – Interaction with UI elements - Applications of VR in various industries.

## REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Grigore C.Burdea and Philippe Coiffet, “Virtual Reality Technology”, Wiley-IEEE Press, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2024.
2. Steven M. LaValle, “Virtual Reality”, Cambridge University Press, 2016.
3. Jason Jerald, “The VR Book Human-Centered Design for Virtual Reality”, ACM Books, 2016.
4. William R Sherman and Alan B Craig, “Understanding Virtual Reality”, Morgan Kaufma, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2018.
5. Alvin Albuero De Luna, “Introduction to Virtual Reality”, Arcler Press, e-book Edition, 2022.
6. Jonathan Linowes, “Unity 2020 Virtual Reality Projects”, Packt Publication, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2020.
7. Kevin Mack and Robert Ruud, “Unreal Engine 4 Virtual Reality Projects”, Packt Publication, 2019.
8. Jessica Plowman, “Unreal Engine Virtual Reality Quick Start Guide”, Packt Publication, 2019.
9. Charles Plamer John Williamson, “Virtual Reality Blueprints”, Packt Publication, 2018.
10. Philippe Fuchs, Guillaume Moreau, Pascal Guitton, “Virtual Reality: Concepts and Technologies”, CRC Press, 2011.

**L:15; E:45; TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**

| Course Code | MINI – CAPSTONE PROJECT                    | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|--------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS39E     | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS Programmes) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

### Experiential Component

CO1: Apply real-time modeling and optimization techniques to create spatially efficient 3D assets suitable for AR/VR applications. (PDL2)

CO2: Design and prototype immersive user interfaces for AR/VR applications. (PDL2)

CO3: Develop and deploy Augmented Reality mobile application in real-world applications. (PDL2)

CO4: Create and Evaluate Real-time Virtual Reality Scenarios with Environmental Feedback. (PDL3)

### Soft Skill Component

CO5: Demonstrate effective communication and Collaboration across Multi-disciplinary teams, integrating 3D Modeling, UI/UX design for AR and VR projects

## Module 1: Real-Time 3D Modeling and Optimization for AR/VR

### Introduction to 3D Modeling Techniques:

- Basics of 3D modeling for AR/VR applications.
- Understanding polygon count and optimization strategies.

**E: 15**

### Optimization Techniques:

- Low-polygon modeling.
- Texture compression and efficient asset management.

### Best Practices for Asset Creation:

- Real-time rendering considerations.
- Use of LOD (Level of Detail) and efficient memory usage.

**Creating Spatially Efficient 3D Assets:**

- Hands-on with creating and optimizing 3D models for AR/VR.

**Deliverable:** Submission of optimized 3D assets and asset management documentation.

## **Module 2: Immersive User Interface Design for AR/VR**

**Principles of AR/VR User Interface Design:**

- Understanding the difference between traditional UI and AR/VR UI.
- Interaction techniques for AR/VR (e.g., gaze, gesture, voice).

**Prototyping AR/VR Interfaces:**

- Tools and software for AR/VR UI prototyping (e.g., Unity, Unreal Engine).
- Design considerations for AR/VR interaction flows.

**E: 15**

**Usability in AR/VR:**

- Accessibility and inclusivity in AR/VR interfaces.
- Immersion and user experience principles.

**Deliverable:** Submission of a UI prototype, including interaction flows and design documentation.

## **Module 3: Developing Augmented Reality Mobile Applications**

**Overview of AR Technologies:**

- Introduction to ARCore, ARKit, and Vuforia.
- Understanding the differences in AR platforms.

**Integrating 3D Models into AR:**

- Steps for importing and positioning 3D models in AR environments.

**Real-time Tracking & Interaction:**

- Implementing object recognition and tracking in AR.
- Interaction mechanisms: touch, gaze, and gesture.

**E: 20**

**Deploying AR Applications:**

- Testing on AR-capable mobile devices.
- Troubleshooting deployment issues.

**Deliverable:** Deployment of an AR mobile application with functional real-time interactions.

## **Module 4: Virtual Reality Scenario Creation with Environmental Feedback**

**Introduction to VR Technologies:**

- Overview of VR platforms and hardware (e.g., Oculus, HTC Vive).
- VR interaction models: hand tracking, room-scale VR, and controllers.

**Environmental Feedback in VR:**

- Designing haptic feedback, spatial sound, and physical interactions.
- Creating reactive virtual environments based on user actions.

**E: 20**

**Real-Time Interaction in VR:**

- Implementing physics-based interactions and dynamic environmental changes.

### Evaluating VR Scenarios:

- Methods for testing and improving the effectiveness of VR feedback.
- Conducting user testing for environmental immersion.

**Deliverable:** Submission of a VR scenario with environmental feedback, including user feedback analysis.

## Module 5: Integration and Final Evaluation

### Integrating AR/VR Elements:

- Merging AR and VR systems into cohesive experiences.
- Synchronizing AR/VR applications across platforms.

### Final System Evaluation:

- Assessing the effectiveness of the AR/VR system through user testing.
- Performance evaluation and optimization strategies.

**E: 20**

### Final Presentation and Demo:

- Showcasing the fully developed AR/VR application with functional user interface and environmental feedback.

### Deliverable:

- Live demonstration of the AR/VR system.
- Final project report and code repository (GitHub).
- To Publish AR/VR application for public access is preferable.

**E:90; TOTAL: 90 PERIODS**

| Course code | GENERATIVEAI                                      | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS41E/    | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 23IT41E/    |                                                   |   |   |   |   |   |
| 23AD41E     |                                                   |   |   |   |   |   |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

### Theory Components

CO1: understand the concepts of Generative Modeling. (CDL 1)

CO2: apply language models for generating Texts. (CDL 2)

CO3: apply GenAI concepts for generating images. (CDL 2)

CO4: apply variants of GAN models for painting, music and play. (CDL 2)

CO5: apply Prompt engineering concepts using GenAI tools. (CDL 2)

### CO1: understand the concepts of Generative Modeling. (CDL 1)

Overview of Generative modeling - Gen AI Vs Discriminative Modeling – Generative models in AI and ML – Types of Generative models – GANs – Challenges of Generative Modeling – Future of Gen AI.

**L:9**

## CO2: apply language models for generating Texts. (CDL 2)

Language Models Basics – Building blocks of Language models - Transformer Architecture – Encoder and Decoder – Attention mechanisms - Generation of Text – Models like BERT and GPT models - Autoencoding – Exploring ChatGPT – Multimodal LLM – Issues of LLM like hallucination. **L:9**

## CO3: apply GenAI models for generating images. (CDL 2)

Introduction to Generative Adversarial Networks – Adversarial Training Process – Nash Equilibrium – Variational Autoencoders – Encoder-Decoder Architectures – Transformer-based Image Generation– Visual Transformers ViT- Dall-E2 and Dall-E3, GPT-4V– Issues of Image Generation models like Mode Collapse and Stability. **L:10**

## CO4: apply variants of GAN models for painting, music and play.(CDL 2)

Variants of GAN – Types of GAN - Cyclic GAN – Using Cyclic GAN to Generate Paintings – Neural Style Transfer – Style Transfer - Music Generating RNN – MuseGAN **L:8**

## CO5: Apply Prompt engineering concepts using GenAI tools. (CDL 2)

Prompt Engineering– Designing Prompts – Revising Prompts using Reinforcement Learning from Human Feedback (RLHF) – Retrieval Augmented Generation. **L:9**  
Open source tools: GPT4All – LangChain – Llama – Hugging Face.

## TEXTBOOK

1. Denis Rothman, “Transformers for Natural Language Processing and Computer Vision”, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, PacktBooks, 2024.

## REFERENCES

1. David Foster, “Generative Deep Learning”, O’Reily Books, 2024.
2. Altaf Rehmani, “Generative AI for Everyone”, Blue Rose One, 2024

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

| Course code                     | AI FOR INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS                    | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS42E/<br>23IT42E/<br>23AD42E | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

### Theory Components

CO1: analyze the concepts and applications of industrial AI (CDL 1)

CO2: analyze the development of industrial revolutions and its applications (CDL 1)

CO3: analyze and apply digital twin technology for smart manufacturing and other industrial applications. (CDL 1)

CO4: apply Edge Computing concepts in IoT Devices (CDL 2)

CO5: evaluate real-world case studies to explore IoT applications in various industries. (CDL 2)

## CO1: analyze the concepts and applications of industrial AI

**L: 9**

Introduction: Industrial AI - Scope and challenges - Applications – IMS architecture for

industrial AI-Visible and Invisible issues – Building the future with AI-Killer Applications of Industrial AI.

**CO2: analyze the development of industrial revolutions and its applications**

Introduction: Industrial revolutions 1.0 to 4.0 - Technological advancement in Industry 4.0- Potential Benefits and drawbacks in Industrial 4.0 - Applications of Industry 4.0- Impact on Society - Introduction to Industrial 5.0 - Industrial 4.0 Vs Industrial 5.0. **L: 9**

**CO3: analyze and apply digital twin technology for smart manufacturing and other industrial applications.**

Data Analytics In Industry 4.0: **L: 9**  
Digital Twins (DT)- Characteristics- Evolution- Data twin - physical world and digital world Classifications-Level of integration – Modelling digital twins – Smart manufacturing and Applications- Digital twins maintenance -predictive maintenance- Planning and operation phase- Hybrid analysis and Fleet data.

**CO4: Apply Edge Computing concepts in IoT Devices**

Edge Computing: Edge Computing Architecture - IoT Devices - Networking Architecture- Network Management and control - Interfaces and devices- Simulators. **L: 9**

**CO5: Evaluate real-world case studies to explore IoT applications in various industries.**

Case Studies: Healthcare -Manufacturing Industries - Supply chain Management - Inventory Management - Quality Control. **L: 9**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Ramin Karim, Diego Galarand Uday Kumar, “AI Factory Theories, Applications and case Studies”, CRC Press, 2023
2. K.Anitha Kumari, G.Sudha Sadasivam, D. Dharani, M. Niranjana murthy, "Edge Computing Fundamentals, Advances and Applications", CRC Press, 2022

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Ella Hassanien, Jyotir Moy Chatterjee and Vishal Jain, “Artificial Intelligence and Industry 4.0”, CRC Press, 2022.
2. Stevan Lawrence Fernandes Tarun K.Sharma “Artificial Intelligence in Industrial Applications”, Springer publication, 2022.
3. Utpal Chakraborty, Amit Banerjee, Jayanta Kumar Saha, Niloy Sarkar, Chinmay Chakraborty, “Artificial Intelligence and the Fourth Industrial Revolution”, 2022.

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

| Course Code | REINFORCEMENT LEARNING | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23AD43E     |                        | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

### Theory Component

CO1:explore the basic concepts of Reinforcement Learning(CDL1)

CO2:illustrate the Markov Decision Process to model reinforcement learning problems.(CDL1)

CO3:apply dynamic programming techniques to solve Monte Carlo problems. (CDL1)

CO4:implement Time Difference learning for real-world problems. (CDL1)

### Practical Component

CO6:apply the fundamentals concepts of Reinforcement Learning(PDL1)

CO7:design and implement the Markov Decision Process & Monto Carlo techniques for real world application. (PDL1)

CO8: implement TD Learning and Q-Learning techniques for real time applications. (PDL1)

**CO1:explore the basic concepts of Reinforcement Learning(CDL1)** L: 5

Introduction–Elements of Reinforcement Learning–Scope–Agent–Environment Interface–

Examples –Need of Reinforcement Learning –Challenges –Multi-Arm Bandit Problem. P: 6

**CO6: apply the fundamentals concepts of Reinforcement Learning(PDL1)** 6

- Installation of code standards and libraries used in RL(Python/Keras/Tensorflow)

- Implement Tic-tac-toe and Armed Bandit Problem.

**CO2:illustrate the Markov Decision Process to model reinforcement learning problems(CDL1)** L: 7

Overview of Markov Chain-Overview of Markov Decision Process-Model Reinforcement Learning- Problem using MDP–Bellman Equation for value functions–Optimal policy and optimal value functions – Policy Evaluation – Policy Improvement – Policy Iteration – Value Iteration. P: 8

**CO7:design and implement the Markov Decision Process & Monto Carlo techniques for real world application. (PDL1)**

- Find the optimal policy (sequence of actions) that minimizes the number of steps to reach the goal.

- Implement a robot control strategy to navigate a maze, collect a diamond, and avoid fire hazards.

**CO3:apply dynamic programming techniques to solve Monte Carlo problems. (CDL1)** L: 8

Monte Carlo Introduction – Policy Evaluation – Incremental Update – Exploration Vs Exploitation – Policy Improvement – Temporal Differencing Learning – TD Policy Evaluation – Epsilon-Greedy policy – On-policy Vs Off-policy – Q-Learning – SARSA Learning – Double Q-Learning – Applications of Q-Learning P: 8

**CO7:design and implement the Markov Decision Process & Monto Carlo techniques for real world application. (PDL1)**

- Implement **Monte Carlo Prediction** to estimate the **state-value function**.
- Implement **On-Policy Monte Carlo Control** to find the **optimal policy** that minimizes the number of steps to the goal and avoids penalties.

### CO4:implement Time Difference learning for real-world problems.(CDL1)

Linear value function approximation–Challenges of Large-scale MDP–Value Function approximations–Stochastic Gradient Descent–Linear value and non-linear value approximation–Naïve Deep-Q Learning–Experience Replay–Advanced Deep RL: Actor-Critic Methods, AlphaZero

**L:**  
**10**  
**P:**  
**8**

### CO8:implement TD Learning and Q-Learning techniques for real time applications.(PDL1)

Implement a **TD-learning based agent** (e.g., Q-learning or SARSA) to control the robotic arm and learn the **best sequence of actions** to complete the pick-and-place task. Implement a **temporal-difference (TD) learning agent** to play Connect Four and learn the **optimal policy**

#### Text Books:

1. Maxim Lapan; "Deep Reinforcement Learning Hands-On: Apply modern RL algorithms to practical problems using Python and PyTorch", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Packt Publishing, 2024.
2. Dimitri P. Bertsekas; "Reinforcement Learning and Optimal Control"; 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Athena Scientific, 2024.

#### References:

1. Laura Graesser and Wah Loon Keng, "Foundations of Deep Reinforcement learning: theory and Practice in Python", Pearson India, 2022.
2. Richard S. Sutton and Andrew G. Barto; "Reinforcement Learning: Introduction"; 2nd Edition, MIT Press, 2020.

**L: 30; P:30;TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**

**COURSECODE**  
**23AD46E**

**ETHICAL AI**

| L | T | P | E | C |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

#### COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

#### Theory Components

**CO1:explorethefoundational concepts ofethics related toAI.(CDL1)**

**CO2:applytheprinciplesoftrustandfairnessinAI systems withreal-**

**worldexamples.(CDL1) CO3: analyze various risks associated with AI and strategies for managing risks. (CDL 1)**

**CO4:explorethechallengesandopportunitiesinAIethics,withafocusonsocietalissuesandusecases. (CDL1).**

**CO1:explorethefoundational conceptsofethicsrelatedtoAI.(CDL1)**

**L:10**

Introduction to AI - Descriptive Ethics - Normative Ethics- Meta ethics - Applied ethics - Ethics Vs Law - Introduction to Machine Ethics and Robot Ethics- Ethical dilemmas in AI: Trolley problem and Beyond - Importance of ethics in AI design and deployment.

**CO2: apply the principles of trust and fairness in AI systems with real-world examples. (CDL1) L:10**

User Acceptance and Trust - Functional Elements of Trust - Ethical Principles for Trustworthy and Fair AI - Responsibility and Liability in AI Systems: Use cases - Strict Liability - Complex Liability- Consequences of Liability.

**CO3: analyze various risks associated with AI and strategies for managing risks. (CDL1) L:10**

Business Ethics for AI Companies - General Business Risks - Ethical Risks – Managing Risk - Risks of AI to Workers- Psychological Aspects of AI: Problems of Anthropomorphisation - Persuasive AI - Privacy Issues- Data Collection and its Dangers.

**CO4: explore the challenges and opportunities in AI ethics, with a focus on societal issues and use cases. (CDL 1) L:15**

Challenges and opportunities in implementing ethical AI - Ethical issues in AI across domains- Societal implications: AI in healthcare, education and environment - AI in banking - Judicial AI - Ethical concerns in cyber security: ethical hacking, surveillance, facial recognition - National and international AI strategies and governance policies- Role of AI in industrial decision making and future trends.

#### TEXTBOOKS

1. Sean Welsh, Alan R. Wagner, Christoph Lutge, Christoph Bartneck, “An Introduction to Ethics in Robotics and AI”, Springer Briefs in Ethics, 2019.
2. Mark Coeckelberg, “AI Ethics”, The MIT Press Essential Knowledge series, 2020.

#### REFERENCES

1. S. Matthew Liao, “Ethics of Artificial Intelligence”, Oxford University Press, 2020.
2. Eleanor Bird, Jasmin Fox-Skelly, Nicola Jenner, Ruth Larbey, Emma Weitkamp and Alan Winfield, “The ethics of artificial intelligence: Issues and initiatives”, Springer, 2020.

**L:45; TOTAL:45 PERIODS**

| Course Code | MINI CAPSTONE PROJECT | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23AD50E     |                       | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the completion of this course, the students will be able to

### Experiential Component :

CO1: formulate problem statements in the Artificial Intelligence domain, perform a feasibility study and design a suitable AI-based solution. (PDL1)

CO2: develop a functional prototype using the forward engineering process. (PDL2)

### Soft skill Component:

CO3: demonstrate effective collaboration with peers by exhibiting strong communication, teamwork and problem-solving abilities to improve employability.

The project work shall be undertaken either individually or in a team comprising a maximum of four students. In the case of team projects, each student must submit an individual project report clearly indicating their specific contributions to the work. The project assessment will be based on the presentation, demonstration, and quality of the report. The project progress will be evaluated through three periodic reviews:

- Review I: Evaluation of problem identification, literature survey, and feasibility analysis of the proposed project.
- Review II: Assessment of design methodology, model/framework/prototype development.
- Review III: Final evaluation involving demonstration of the developed prototype/product and report submission.

**E: 90; TOTAL: 90 PERIODS**

| Course code |                                                   | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS62E/    | <b>DATA MINING</b>                                |   |   |   |   |   |
| 23IT62E/    | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| 23AD62E     |                                                   |   |   |   |   |   |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

### Theory Components

CO1: explore the data mining process and apply techniques to mine diverse forms of knowledge.

CO2: apply pattern mining techniques in various applications for the discovery of patterns.

CO3: apply classification techniques for real-world problems.

CO4: design and implement clustering in resource-constrained environments.

CO5: develop practical solutions to implement outlier detection in various applications.

### CO1: design and implement data mining projects and model data using schema.

Data mining: an essential step in knowledge discovery - Diversity of data types for data mining - Mining various kinds of knowledge - Data mining: confluence of multiple disciplines – Application. Data, measurements, and data preprocessing: Data types - Statistics of data - Similarity and distance measures - Data quality, data cleaning, and data integration - Data transformation - Dimensionality reduction. Data warehouse: Modeling - schema and measures - OLAP operations - Data cube computation.

**L: 9**

**CO2: apply pattern mining techniques in various applications for the discovery of patterns.**

Pattern mining: basic concepts and methods - Frequent itemset mining methods —Pattern evaluation methods - Mining various kinds of patterns - Mining compressed or approximate patterns - Constraint-based pattern mining - Mining sequential patterns - Mining subgraph patterns – Pattern mining: application examples.

**L: 9**

**CO3: apply classification techniques for real-world problems.**

Classification: basic concepts - Decision tree induction - Support vector machines - Rule-based and pattern-based classification – C4.5 algorithm- Classification with weak supervision – Classification with rich data type.

**L: 9**

**CO4: design and implement clustering in resource-constrained environments.**

Cluster analysis: basic concepts and methods – k-means clustering - agglomerative clustering – DBSCAN and STING - Biclustering - Semisupervised clustering.

**L: 9**

**CO5: develop practical solutions to implement outlier detection in various applications.**

Outliers and Outlier Analysis - Outlier Detection Methods - Statistical Approaches - Proximity-Based Approaches - Clustering-Based Approaches - Classification-Based Approaches - Mining Contextual and Collective Outliers - Outlier Detection in High-Dimensional Data.

**L: 9**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Jiawei Han, Jian Pei, Hanghang Tong, “Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques” 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Elsevier, 2023.
2. Parteek Bhatia, “Data Mining and Data Warehousing: Principles and Practical Techniques”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2019.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Charu C. Aggarwal, “Data Mining: The Textbook”, Springer International Publisher, 2015.
2. Pawel Cichosz, “Data Mining Algorithms: Explained Using R”, John Wiley & Sons, 2015.
3. Pang-Ning Tan, VipinKumar, Michael Steinbach, “Introduction to Data Mining”, Pearson Education India, 2012.

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

| Course code                     | DATA ENGINEERING                                  | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS63E/<br>23IT63E/<br>23AD63E | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 |

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to

**Theory Component**

CO1: apply data engineering principles for data management and integration (CDL2)

CO2: analyze data modeling methodologies to design precise and efficient database solutions (CDL2)

CO3: apply resource management techniques for file-oriented systems (CDL2)

### **Practical Component**

CO4: implement data extraction, transformation, and loading processes in database systems (PDL2)

CO5: demonstrate the OLAP modeling techniques (PDL2)

CO6: build data handling solutions for the real-life scenarios (PDL2)

#### **CO1:apply data engineering principles for data management and integration**

#### **CO4:implement data extraction, transformation, and loading processes in databasesystems**

Introduction to Data Engineering - Big Data and its characteristics - Data Lifecycle – Data Pipeline – Components – ETL process – ELT process – Containers – VM vs Container.

**L:8**

Extract data from a CSV file, clean and transform it by removing duplicates, standardizing formats, and aggregating relevant metrics. Load the transformed data into a relational database (e.g., MySQL) for structured reporting and a NoSQL database (e.g., MongoDB) for flexible analytics. Verify data integrity by querying both databases and deploy this application in container

**P:6**

#### **CO2:analyze data modeling methodologies to design precise and efficient database solutions**

#### **CO5: demonstrate the OLAP modeling techniques**

Introduction to analytical data modeling methodologies -ER modeling- Dimensional modeling Star schema-Snowflake schema-Data Vault - One Big table modeling- data lakes- data warehouse.

**L:11,**

**P:8**

For a dataset in repository list down the data sources and model the data with the appropriate schema. Model the aggregate tables. Populate the aggregate tables with the metrics for a specific time period. Drilldown the metrics using the SQL operators such as Grouping sets, Cube, Roll up, Pivot. Bonus points if a metric uses time windows.

#### **CO3: apply resource management techniques for file-oriented systems**

#### **CO6: build data handling solutions for the real-life scenarios**

HDFS- Map Reduce- Spark- Advantages of spark over map reduce-Spark's application execution mechanism - Narrow and wide transformation in spark.-Shuffles in spark- ACID properties to file systems- introduction on Apache Hudi, Apache Iceberg and Delta lake.

**L:7,**

**P:12**

Setup and configure spark and read the tables. Replicate the metrics table from the previous experiment in PySpark/Scala/Java. Write the output table back to a file system as parquet. Recreate the tables from previous experiments as Hudi/Iceberg tables in a file system.

### **SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS**

- MS-SQL / Oracle SQL / PostgreSQL
- Python 3.7+ / 4.0 IDLE,
- APACHE SPARK
- APACHE HUDI, APACHE ICEBERG

## TEXT BOOKS:

1. I. Triguero and M. Galar, "Large-Scale Data Analytics with Python and Spark: A Hands-on Guide to Implementing Machine Learning Solutions", Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2023.
2. Paul Krickard, "Data Engineering with Python", Packt Publishing, 2020.
3. Andreas Kretz, "The Data Engineering Cookbook", 2019.

## REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Wilfried Lemahieu, Seppe vandenBroucke, Bart Baesens," Principles of Database Management: The Practical Guide to Storing, Managing and Analyzing Big and Small Data", Cambridge University Press, 2018.
2. Silberschatz, Korth, Sudarshan, "Database System Concepts", McGraw Hill Education, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2020.
3. Ralph Kimball Margy Ross , "The Data Warehouse toolkit by Ralph Kimball", Wiley Computer Publishing, 2013

**L: 30; P: 30; TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**

| Course code                     | IMAGE AND VIDEO ANALYTICS                         | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS64E/<br>23IT64E/<br>23AD64E | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

### Theory Components

CO1: utilize the fundamentals of digital image processing.(CDL1)

CO2: apply the knowledge of various techniques in image enhancement and frequency transform. (CDL1)

CO3: apply the restoration and boundary detection techniques to restore images and extract edges. (CDL2)

CO4: elaborate on deep learning based video analytics (CDL2)

CO5: develop image and video analytics models for real time application (CDL2)

### **CO1: utilize the fundamentals of digital image processing.**

Digital Image fundamentals -Components of Image Processing-Image Sensing and Acquisition-Image Sampling and quantization-Relationship between pixels-Distance Measures-Colour Fundamentals and Models

**L: 8**

### **CO2: apply the knowledge of various techniques in image enhancement and frequency transform.**

Discrete Fourier Transform – Fast Fourier Transform – Wavelet Transforms - Image Enhancement in Spatial and Frequency Domain – Grey Level Transformations – Histogram Processing –Spatial Filtering – Smoothing And Sharpening – Filtering in Frequency Domain

**L: 9**

### **CO3: apply the restoration and boundary detection techniques to restore images and extract edges.**

**L: 9**

Image Restoration – Image Degradation Model – Noise Modeling – Blur – Order Statistic Filters - Morphological Operations- Dilation-Erosion-Opening-Closing- Edge Detection- Detection Of Discontinuities Edge Linking and Boundary Detection

**CO4: elaborate on deep learning based video analytics**

Video Processing – use cases of video analytics-Vanishing Gradient and exploding gradient problem-ResNet and skip connections - Inception Network - GoogleNet architecture-Improvement in Inception v2-Video analytics-ResNet and Inception v3. **L: 9**

**CO5: develop image and video analytics models for real time application (CDL2)**

YOLO,R-CNN,U-Net,CBVR(Content Based Video Retrieval)-Industrial- Transportation & Travel- Remote Sensing - Surveillance- Example based video search-Intelligent traffic video analytics **L: 10**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. El-Sayed M EL-Alfy, GeorgeBebis, MengChu Zhou, “Intelligent Image and Video Applications”,1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2023.
2. Rafael C Gonzalez, Richard E Woods, “Digital Image Processing”, Pearson Education, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition,2018.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Wilhelm, Mark J. Burge, “Digital Image Processing An Algorithmic Introduction”, Springer; 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2022.
3. VaibhavVerdhan, “Computer Vision Using Deep Learning Neural Network Architectures with Python and Keras” 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Springer 2021.
4. Caifeng Shan, FatihPorikli, Tao Xiang, Shaogang Gong, “Video Analytics for Business Intelligence”, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Springer, 2016.

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

| Course code                     | HEALTHCARE ANALYTICS                              | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS65E/<br>23IT65E/<br>23AD65E | (Common to CSE, IT and AI & DS degree Programmes) | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

Upon the successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

**Theory Components**

- CO1: explore various sources of healthcare data and perform basic analytics on those data.(CDL 1)  
CO2: analyze various biomedical modalities and Biomedical Signals. (CDL 2)  
CO3: apply sensor data for healthcare analytics. (CDL 1)  
CO4: apply advanced data analytics concepts for healthcare. (CDL 2)

**CO1: explore the various sources of healthcare data and perform basic analytics on those data.**

Overview of Healthcare Data Sources: Electronic Health Records (EHR), Biomedical Images, Sensor Data, Biomedical signals, Genomic data, Clinical Data, Social Media data, and its analysis – EHR: Components, Benefits, Barriers to Adopting EHR, Challenges – Phenotyping Algorithms – Overview of Coding Systems: ICD, ICF, UMLS, DICOM – Introduction to Data Analytics for Healthcare: Clinical prediction, Temporal and visual **L: 12**

analytics, Clinic – Genomic Data Integration, Privacy Preservation – Data Publishing.

**CO2: analyze various biomedical modalities and Biomedical Signals.**

Overview of Biomedical Imaging Modalities: CT, PET, MRI, Ultrasound, Microscopy, Biomedical Imaging Standards and Systems – Object Detection: Template Matching, Model – Based Detection, Data – Driven Detection Methods – Image Segmentation - **L: 12**  
Introduction to biomedical signals – Types of Biomedical Signals – Denoising of Signals – Multivariate Biomedical Signal Analysis – Recent Trends in Biomedical image and Signal Analysis

**CO3: apply sensor data for healthcare analytics.**

Sensor Data in Medical Informatics: Scope – Challenges – Sensor Data Mining Applications: Intensive Care Data Mining – Nonclinical Healthcare Applications: Chronic Disease and Wellness Management, Activity Monitoring and Reality Mining – Data Analytics for Pervasive Health: Body area Networks, Dense/Mesh Sensor Networks, Sensor Technology –Applications: Continuous Monitoring, Assisted Living **L: 9**

**CO4: apply advanced data analytics concepts for healthcare.**

Introduction to Clinical Prediction Models: Basic Statistical Prediction Models, Alternative Clinical Prediction Models, Survival Models, Evaluation and Validation – Visual Analytics for Healthcare: Introduction, Public Health and Population Research, Clinical Workflow, Clinicians, Patients – Legal and Ethical Issues in Clinical Decision Support Systems – Fraud Detection in Healthcare. **L: 12**

**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Chandan K. Reddy and Charu C. Aggarwal, “Healthcare Data Analytics”, CRC Press, 2020.
2. Jaya, K. Kalaiselvi, Dinesh Goyal, “Handbook on Intelligent Healthcare Analytics: Knowledge Engineering with Big Data”, Wiley publications, 2022.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Pantea Keikhosrokiani, “Big Data Analytics for Healthcare: Datasets, Techniques, Life Cycles, Management, and Applications”, Academic Press, Elsevier publications, 2022

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

| Course Code                       | PRINCIPLES OF BUSINESS ANALYTICS              | L | T | P | E | C |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS66E /<br>23IT66E /<br>23AI66E | Common to CSE, IT and AI&DS Degree Programmes | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

**Theory Component**

CO1: recognize the role of analytics in business for problem solving and decision-making. (CDL1)

CO2: apply hypothesis testing and non-parametric tests for decision-making. (CDL2)

CO3: analyze data distributions using statistical measures for effective data interpretation. (CDL2)

CO4: apply regression modeling to perform hypothesis testing, and predictive analytics in real-world applications. (CDL2)

CO5: apply Prescriptive Analytics Techniques to Optimize Business Processes. (CDL1)

**CO1: recognize the role of analytics in business for problem solving and decision-making (CDL1) L:9**

Introduction to Business Analytics: Evolution of Business Analytics – Scope – Data for Business analytics - Models in Business Analytics: Decision models- Uncertainty and Risk- Prescriptive Decision Models- Problem solving with Analytics: Recognizing and defining the problem – Structuring and analyzing the problem – Interpreting results and making a decision.

**CO2: apply hypothesis testing and non-parametric tests for decision-making (CDL2) L:9**

Hypothesis Testing – One- Sample Hypothesis test – Two tailed test of Hypothesis for the mean- Two sample hypothesis tests- One way and two way analysis of variance(ANOVA)- Non parametric Tests: Chi-Square Goodness of Fit Tests – Choice of Number of Intervals in Chi- Square- Chi-Square test for Independence.

**CO3: analyze data distributions using statistical measures for effective data interpretation (CDL2) L:9**

Introduction – Data types and Scales – Types of Data measurement scales- Population and sample – Measures of central tendency – Percentile, Decile and Quartile – Measures of variation: Range – Inter-Quartile Distance – Variance and standard Deviation- Chebyshev's Theorem- Measures of shape – skewness.

**CO4: apply regression modeling to perform hypothesis testing, and predictive analytics in real-world applications (CDL2) L:9**

Modeling relationships and Trends in data – Simple linear regression: Finding best fitting regression line – Least squares regression – Testing hypotheses for regression coefficients – Multiple linear regression – Correlation and multi-collinearity. Case Study: Application of predictive analytics in customer retention or sales forecasting.

**CO5: apply Prescriptive Analytics Techniques to Optimize Business Processes (CDL1) L:9**

Introduction to prescriptive analytics –Linear programming model building – Sensitivity analysis in Linear programming problem – Solve the problem using Graphical method – Range of optimality – Range of shadow price- Dual linear programming – Primal Dual relationships – Multi-period models.

**TEXT BOOKS**

1. U Dinesh Kumar, "Business Analytics: The Science of Data-Driven Decision Making," 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Wiley, 2021.
2. R. Evans James, "Business Analytics", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2017

**REFERENCES:**

1. Foster Provost and Tom Fawcett, "Data Science for Business," O'Reilly Media, 2021.
2. Randy Bartlett, "Business Analytics: A Practitioner's Guide," McGraw-Hill Education, 2013.
3. Galit Shmueli, Peter C. Bruce, Nitin R. Patel, "Data Mining for Business Analytics: Concepts, Techniques, and Applications in R," Wiley, 2018.
4. Eric Siegel, "Predictive Analytics: The Power to Predict Who Will Click, Buy, Lie, or Die," Wiley, 2016.

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

|                                 |                            |          |          |          |          |          |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>Course Code</b>              | <b>FEATURE ENGINEERING</b> | <b>L</b> | <b>T</b> | <b>P</b> | <b>E</b> | <b>C</b> |
| 23CS67E/<br>23IT67E/<br>23AI67E |                            | 2        | 0        | 0        | 2        | 3        |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

### Theory Component

CO1: recognize the importance of key feature engineering and data preprocessing techniques for data preparation. (CDL2)

CO2: apply various feature encoding methods to build machine learning models. (CDL2)

CO3: analyze the impact of density-based outlier detection methods to improve model performance. (CDL2)

CO4: apply feature selection and dimensionality reduction techniques to solve real-world problems. (CDL2)

### Experiential Component

CO5: Design and implement data preparation and feature engineering techniques to enhance model performance on real-world datasets. (PDL3)

**CO1: recognize the importance of key feature engineering and data preprocessing techniques for data preparation. L:7**

Overview – Importance of Feature Engineering in Data Science – Feature Engineering Pipeline – Feature Engineering in Data Science. Types of data – Levels of data – Types of Feature Engineering – Evaluation metrics. Data preprocessing Techniques for handling missing data. Handling noisy data: Smoothing filters, Denoising algorithms.

**CO2: apply various feature encoding methods to build machine learning models. L:7**

Feature Extraction – Temporal Features – Textual Features – Numeric Features – Categorical Features – Types of Feature Creation – Polynomial features and interaction terms – Binning and discretization techniques – Feature Encoding – Feature hashing and feature embedding – Function, Exponential, Quantile transformations – Feature Scaling – Standardization – Normalization.

**CO3: analyze the impact of density-based outlier detection methods to improve model performance. L:8**

Outlier and Outlier Detection: Univariate and Multivariate Outlier – Distributions to detect Outliers - Techniques for Removal of Outliers: Z-score, Trimming, Capping, Discretization Techniques, Mahalanobis distance. Density-based methods: DBSCAN, HDBSCAN, LOF, HDIOD, TPOD, Isolation Forests, One-class SVM for outlier detection.

**CO4: apply feature selection and dimensionality reduction techniques to solve real-world problems. L:8**

Classes of feature selection methodologies – Effect of irrelevant features – Filter Methods: Chi-square test, Fisher's Score, Correlation coefficient – Wrapper Methods: Forward Selection, Bi-directional Elimination, Recursive Feature Elimination (RFE).

**CO5:Design and implement data preparation and feature engineering techniques to enhance model performance on real-world datasets. (PDL3) E:30**

Analyze real-world datasets and perform the following:

- **Load and Explore Data:** Import the dataset, identify data types (numeric, categorical, text, temporal) and check for missing or noisy data.
- **Handle Missing and Noisy Data:** Apply imputation (mean, median, KNN), smoothing filters or denoising techniques to clean the dataset.
- **Conduct Review I meeting for evaluating the performance.**
  - **Feature Extraction:** Extract features from textual, temporal, numeric and categorical data using suitable methods.
  - **Feature Encoding:** Use techniques like one-hot encoding, feature hashing or embeddings to convert categorical/textual data into numerical form.
  - **Apply Feature Transformations:** Use transformations such as logarithmic, quantile or exponential to adjust data distribution.
- **Conduct Review II evaluation.**
  - **Scale Features:** Normalize or standardize numerical features using min-max scaling, z-score normalization or robust scaling.
  - **Detect and Handle Outliers:** Identify outliers using statistical (Z-score, IQR) or density-based methods (LOF, Isolation Forest) and assess their impact.
  - **Feature Selection & Model Evaluation:** Use techniques like correlation, PCA or Lasso for feature selection and evaluate model performance using appropriate metrics.

**Conduct Review III evaluation.**

**Text Books:**

1. Sinan Ozdemir, "Feature Engineering Bookcamp", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Manning Publications, 2022.
2. Max Kuhn and Kjell Johnson, "Feature Engineering and Selection: A Practical Approach for Predictive Models", CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group, 2020.

**References:**

1. Alice Zheng and Amanda Casari, "Feature Engineering for Machine Learning: Principles and Techniques", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2018.
2. Sinan Ozdemir and Divya Susarla, "Feature Engineering Made Easy: Identify Unique Features from Your Dataset in Just 30 Minutes", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Packt Publishing, 2018.

**L: 30; E: 30; TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**

| CourseCode                        | PREDICTIVE ANALYTICS | L | T | P | E | C |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS68E /<br>23IT68E /<br>23AI68E |                      | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

Upon the successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

**Theory Component**

**CO1:** Explain the foundational concepts of predictive analytics and their role in business decision-making. (CDL 1)

**CO2:** Identify components of time series data and apply decomposition methods for business

forecasting. (CDL 1)

**CO3:Construct statistical forecasting models and apply discriminant analysis techniques for classification in business scenarios. (CDL 2)**

**CO4:Apply predictive and discriminant analytic techniques in real-world business cases for planning and decision-making.(CDL 2)**

**CO1: Explain the foundational concepts of predictive analytics and their role in business decision-making. (CDL 1) L:12**

Overview of Predictive Analytics: purpose and scope - Descriptive vs. Predictive vs. Prescriptive Analytics - Predictive Analytics vs. Business Analytics - Data-Driven Decision Making in Business - Applications in finance, HR, marketing, and operations - Role of Predictive Analysts in Organizations.

**CO2: Identify components of time series data and apply decomposition methods for business forecasting. (CDL 1) L:12**

Structure and types of time series data - Components: Trend, Seasonality, Cyclical, Irregular-Additive vs. Multiplicative decomposition - Smoothing techniques: moving average, exponential smoothing - Seasonally adjusted series and business use cases - Evaluation of Forecast Accuracy - Graphical Analysis and Visualization of Time Series Data.

**CO3: Construct statistical forecasting models and apply discriminant analysis techniques for classification in business scenarios. (CDL 2) L:12**

Naïve, average, and trend models - Holt and Holt-Winters exponential smoothing - ARIMA - Fisher's Linear Discriminant Function - Prior probabilities, misclassification costs - Performance evaluation of discriminant analysis - Prior probabilities and misclassification costs - Classification with more than two groups

**CO4:Apply predictive and discriminant analytic techniques in real-world business cases for planning and decision-making. (CDL 2) L:12**

Demand Forecasting for Inventory and Supply Chain - Credit Risk Prediction using Discriminant Logic - Sales and Revenue Forecasting - HR Analytics: Employee Attrition Forecasting - Ethical issues and limitations in prediction - Case study discussion and model interpretation - Communicating analytical results to business stakeholders - Report structuring and presentation best practices - Business use-case simulation in Excel.

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

1. Dean Abbott, "Applied Predictive Analytics: Principles and Techniques for the Professional Data Analyst", Wiley, 2014.
2. Rob J. Hyndman & George Athanasopoulos, "Forecasting: Principles and Practice", 3rd Edition, OTexts, 2021.
3. J. Holton Wilson & Barry Keating, "Business Forecasting", McGraw-Hill Education, 2009.
4. Lind, Marchal, Wathen, "Statistical Techniques in Business and Economics", McGraw-Hill College, 2020.

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. Max Kuhn, Kjell Johnson, "Applied Predictive Modeling", Springer publications, 2013.

**L:45;TOTAL:45PERIODS**

|                    |                                |          |          |          |          |          |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>Course Code</b> | <b>MINI - CAPSTONE PROJECT</b> | <b>L</b> | <b>T</b> | <b>P</b> | <b>E</b> | <b>C</b> |
| <b>23YYXXE</b>     |                                | <b>0</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>6</b> | <b>3</b> |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

### Experiential Component:

**CO1:** Apply data preprocessing for effective data modeling. (PDL2).

**CO2:** Apply feature engineering & data mining techniques to discover hidden patterns that supports strategic decision making in business. (PDL2).

**CO3:** Develop predictive models solutions for the text/image/video analytics based applications. (PDL2).

**CO1: Apply data preprocessing for effective data modeling. (PDL2).**

- Module 1:**
- Define the business objective and identify KPIs & success metrics. Collect structured/semi-structured/unstructured data. **E:20**
  - Understand distribution, trends, patterns, correlations, and outliers in data.
  - Clean the data, handle missing values, normalize, and resolve inconsistencies.

#### **Deliverables:**

- Confirming business objective & key performance indicators.
- Guide approved project proposal document.

**CO2: Apply feature engineering & data mining techniques to discover hidden patterns that supports strategic decision making in business. (PDL2).**

- Module 2:**
- Apply feature engineering, to derive new attributes. **E:20**
  - Encode categorical variables and reduce dimensionality if needed.

#### **Deliverables:**

- Reduced dimensionality data sheet after applying feature engineering.

- Module 3:**
- Apply classification/clustering/association techniques to explore hidden patterns in the data. **E:20**
  - Train classification or regression models for future prediction or decision support.
  - Measure performance using various metrics.

#### **Deliverables:**

- Trained model training using R/Python code report
- Insights and business interpretation.

**CO3: Develop predictive model solutions for the text/image/video analytics based applications. (PDL2)**

- Module 4:** • Apply techniques such as CNNs, motion tracking to extract insights for the image/video analysis projects with machine learning or deep learning. **E:15**

**Deliverables:**

- Architecture model and visual demonstration.

- Module 5:** • Present insights using dashboards, graphs, and visual reports. **E:15**  
• Relate patterns and predictions to high-level decisions.

**Deliverables:**

- Interactive dashboard with identified business decision demonstration.

**Example Project titles:**

1. Sentiment analysis of customer reviews in text analytics.
2. Fraud detection in financial transactions.
3. Sales forecasting in retail or manufacturing area.
4. Image-based product categorization in image analytics
5. Video surveillance for security in video analytics.
6. Chatbot feedback and Query analysis in text analytics.
7. Employee attrition analysis in HR analytics.
8. Social media digital marketing analytics.
9. Customer lifetime value prediction for the E-commerce applications.

| Course Code                      | SOCIAL NETWORK SECURITY | L | T | P | E | C |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS55E/<br>23IT55E /<br>23AI55E |                         | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

CO1: Recognize security challenges and vulnerabilities in social networking platforms. (CDL1)

CO2: Apply AI/ML techniques for behavioral analysis and user profiling in social network security. (CDL2)

CO3: Detect and prevent cyber threats using AI/ML approaches, including phishing attacks and malware detection. (CDL2)

CO4: Develop strategies for securing cloud-based and IoT-integrated social networks. (CDL2)

CO5: Design access control mechanisms and ensure compliance with privacy regulations. (CDL2)

**CO1: Recognize security challenges and vulnerabilities in social networking platforms. (CDL1) L:9**

Introduction to Social networks. Types of Social media, Social media platforms, Social media monitoring, Hashtag, Viral content, Social media marketing, Social media privacy, Challenges, opportunities and pitfalls in online social network, Security issues related to social media.

**CO2: Apply AI/ML techniques for behavioral analysis and user profiling in social network security.(CDL2) L:8**

AI/ML for behavioral analysis in social networks – User behavior profiling – Anomaly detection – Fraud detection techniques – Hands-on: K-Means clustering for user behavior, Naive Bayes for email spam detection.

**CO3: Detect and prevent cyber threats using AI/ML approaches, including phishing attacks and malware detection. (CDL2) L:10**

Cyber threat detection using AI/ML – Phishing attack detection with Logistic Regression and Random Forest – Malware classification using SVM – URL threat detection using CNN & NLP – Intrusion detection using Deep Learning (LSTM, Autoencoders).

**CO4: Develop strategies for securing cloud-based and IoT-integrated social networks. (CDL2) L:10**

Cloud security challenges in social platforms–IoTsecurity:Securing device ecosystems and dataflow–Integration of cloud and IoT security:End-to-endprotection strategies Hands-on Applications: Secure Cloud File Storage with AES Encryption - Simulating IoT Attacks and Detection Using Wire shark

**CO5: Design access control mechanisms and ensure compliance with privacy regulations.(CDL2) L:8**

Role-Based and Attribute-Based Access Control in social networks – Fine-grained access policies –Privacy-Enhancing Technologies: Data anonymization – pseudonymization - encryption to safeguard user data – Legal Frameworks and Compliance: GDPR - CCPA – DPDP

**TEXTBOOKS**

1. WilliamStallings,NetworkSecurityEssentials:ApplicationsandStandards, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2020.
2. B.A.Forouzan,CryptographyandNetworkSecurity,3<sup>rd</sup> Edition,Tata McGraw-Hill, 2016.

**REFERENCES**

1. Soma Halder & Sinan Ozdemir, Hands-On Machine Learning for Cybersecurity, Packt Publishing, 2018.
2. Mark Stamp, Information Security: Principles and Practice, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Wiley, 2021.
3. Vishal Chopra, Phishing and Countermeasures: Understanding the Threats and Defending Against Attacks, Springer, 2022.
4. Nina Godbole & Sunit Belapure, Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics and Legal Perspectives, Wiley, 2011.
5. ChuanlongXie,HaibinZhu,MachineLearningandSecurity,O'Reilly,2018.
6. PaulBradley,SocialEngineering:TheArtofHumanHacking,Wiley,2011.

**L:45;TOTAL:45PERIODS**

| Course Code | CYBER SECURITY AND ETHICAL HACKING | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS56E/    |                                    |   |   |   |   |   |
| 23IT56E/    |                                    | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| 23AD56E     |                                    |   |   |   |   |   |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

### Theory Component

CO1: Outline the fundamentals of cyber security, including threats, terminologies, and legal frameworks. (CDL1)

CO2: Identify system and network vulnerabilities using ethical hacking methodologies. (CDL1)

CO3: Apply security measures to mitigate cyber threats such as MITM attacks, session hijacking, and remote exploitation. (CDL2)

CO4: Apply exploitation techniques and mitigation strategies for web, wireless, and mobile platform attacks. (CDL2)

### Practical Component

CO5: Implement fundamental cyber security practices using industry-standard tools like Kali Linux, Wireshark, and Ettercap. (PDL1)

CO6: Conduct ethical hacking tasks using reconnaissance and exploitation frameworks such as Nmap, Metasploit, and Burp Suite. (PDL1)

### **CO1: Outline the fundamentals of cyber security, including threats, terminologies, and legal frameworks.**

Introduction to Cyber Security: Evolution, importance, and impact of cyber security in modern systems - Threats & Vulnerabilities: Definition, types of cyber threats - Cyber Security Terminologies: Key concepts including CIA triad - Cybercrime & Legal Frameworks: Classification of cybercrimes, types of cybercriminals, global perspectives on cyber security laws - Cyber Laws & IT Act: Overview of cyber laws, Indian IT Act, cybercrime punishments.

**L:6  
P:3**

### **CO5: Implement fundamental cyber security practices using industry-standard tools like Kali Linux, Wireshark, and Ettercap.**

Setting up Kali Linux, Password Cracking: Crackstation, hash identification techniques, Google Dorking: Using Google Hacking Database (GHDB) for reconnaissance

### **CO2: Identify system and network vulnerabilities using ethical hacking methodologies.**

Introduction to Ethical Hacking: Concepts, objectives, and methodologies in penetration testing - Footprinting & Reconnaissance: Gathering intelligence, hacker categories, social engineering techniques - Scanning & Enumeration: Port scanning, network scanning, vulnerability assessment methods - Exploitation Techniques: Banner grabbing, OS fingerprinting, scanning methodologies (Nmap, Ping Sweep).

**L:6  
P:9**

### **CO6: Conduct ethical hacking tasks using reconnaissance and exploitation frameworks such as Nmap, Metasploit, and Burp Suite.**

Reconnaissance Tools: Amass for OS fingerprinting, Nmap for vulnerability assessment, Exploitation Tools: Metasploit framework for vulnerability exploitation.

### **CO3: Apply security measures to mitigate cyber threats such as MITM attacks, session hijacking, and remote exploitation.**

Network Security Measures: Network sniffing (promiscuous vs. non-promiscuous modes), intrusion detection methods - MITM Attacks & Countermeasures: ARP spoofing, MAC flooding, SSL stripping, DNS poisoning, protective measures -

**L:6  
P:6**

### Session

Hijacking & DoS Attacks: TCP session hijacking, denial-of-service attack types, mitigation strategies - Remote Exploitation: SMTP and SQL vulnerabilities, securing servers against common exploits.

**CO5: Implement fundamental cyber security practices using industry-standard tools like Kali Linux, Wireshark, and Ettercap.**

Network Analysis: Wireshark for packet inspection, Ettercap for MITM attacks.

**CO4: Apply exploitation techniques and mitigation strategies for web, wireless, and mobile platform attacks.**

Web Security: Web server and web application hacking (SQL injection, parameter tampering, broken authentication) - Wireless Security Threats: Wi-Fi encryption, WPA/WEP cracking, rogue access point detection - Mobile Platform Exploitation: Mobile malware, app vulnerabilities, Android and iOS security models – Mitigation Strategies: Intrusion prevention, secure software development practices, encryption methods.

**L:6  
P:6**

**CO6: Conduct ethical hacking tasks using reconnaissance and exploitation frameworks such as Nmap, Metasploit, and Burp Suite.**

Web Application Security: Nuclei scanner for automated security assessments, Burp Suite for web application penetration testing.

### TEXT BOOKS

1. Dr. Erdal Ozkaya, "Cybersecurity: The Beginner's Guide", Packt Publishing, 2020.
2. Dafydd Stuttard & Marcus Pinto, "The Web Application Hacker's Handbook: Finding and Exploiting Security Flaws", John Wiley & Sons, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2020.
3. Georgia Weidman, "Penetration Testing: A Hands-On Introduction to Hacking", No Starch Press, 2024.

### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. David Kennedy, Jim O'Gorman, Devon Kearns, Mati Aharoni, "Metasploit: The Penetration Tester's Guide", No Starch Press, 2023.
2. Allen Harper, Shon Harris, "Gray Hat Hacking: The Ethical Hacker's Handbook", 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2022.
3. Yuri Diogenes & Erdal Ozkaya, "Cybersecurity – Attack and Defense Strategies", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Packt Publishing, 2022.
4. Donovan, Martin, "Hacking: Learn the Basics of Ethical Hacking and Penetration Testing", 2019.
5. Jon Erickson, "Hacking: The Art of Exploitation", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, No Starch Press, 2020.

### WEB REFERENCES

- <https://owasp.org/>
- <https://www.kali.org/docs/>
- <https://attack.mitre.org/>
- <https://www.sans.org/security-resources/>
- <https://www.eccouncil.org/train-certify/certified-ethical-hacker-ceh/>

**L:30; P:30; TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**

| Course Code                     | DIGITAL FORENSICS | L | T | P | E | C |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS59E/<br>23IT59E/<br>23AD59E |                   | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO1: identify digital forensics concepts and apply forensic procedures to manage digital evidence. (CDL1)

CO2: analyze cybercrime laws and apply forensic readiness and legal methods to handle digital evidence. (CDL1)

CO3: apply forensic methods to analyze digital, mobile, and embedded evidence. (CDL2)

CO4: apply internet and memory forensic techniques for evidence acquisition and analysis in investigations. (CDL2)

CO5: apply legal and forensic practices to tackle digital investigation challenges. (CDL1)

### **CO1: identify digital forensics concepts and apply forensic procedures to manage digital evidence. (CDL1)**

History of Forensic Science – Digital Forensics – Digital Evidence – The Digital Forensics Process: Identification Phase – Collection Phase – Examination Phase – Analysis Phase – Presentation Phase. **L:9**

### **CO2: analyze cybercrime laws and apply forensic readiness and legal methods to handle digital evidence. (CDL1)**

Introduction to Cybercrime Law – International Legal Framework of Cybercrime Law – Digital Crime – Substantive Criminal Law – Investigation Methods for Collecting Digital Evidence – International Cooperation in Order to Collect Digital Evidence – Digital Forensic Readiness – Law Enforcement vs. Enterprise Digital Forensic Readiness – Frameworks, Standards, and Methodologies – CERT-In Guidelines for Handling and Reporting Cyber Incidents. **L:9**

### **CO3: apply forensic methods to analyze digital, mobile, and embedded evidence. (CDL2)**

Introduction to Computer Forensics - Evidence Collection – Examination – Analysis – Mobile and Embedded Forensics: Collection Phase – Examination Phase – Reverse Engineering and Analysis of Applications – Data Recovery Techniques and Tools. **L:9**

### **CO4: apply internet and memory forensic techniques for evidence acquisition and analysis in investigations. (CDL2)**

Internet Forensics: Layers of Network Abstraction – The Internet – Tracing Information on the Internet – Collection Phase: Local Acquisition – Network Acquisition – Remote Acquisition – Memory Forensics: Memory Management – Volatility – Memory Analysis in Criminal Investigations – Malware **L:9**

Analysis.

**CO5: apply legal and forensic practices to tackle digital investigation challenges.**  
**(CDL1)**

Legal Challenges in Digital Forensic Investigations: Constitutional issues in digital investigations, Federal Rules of Evidence – The Future of Cybercrime, Terror, and Policy: Introduction – Considering the future of cybercrime – Social movements, technology, and social change – Challenges in Digital Forensics: Computational Forensics – Automation and Standardization – Reinforcement of CERT-In Policies in Future Cybercrime Contexts.

**L:9**

**TEXTBOOKS:**

1. Andre Arnes, Digital Forensic, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 2019.
2. Thomas J. Holt, Adam M. Bossler, and Kathryn C. Seigfried-Spellar, Cybercrime and Digital Forensics an Introduction, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Routledge, 2023.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Joakim Kavrestad, Fundamentals of Digital Forensics: Theory, Methods and Real-Life Applications, Springer, 2020.
2. Keshav Kaushik, Rohit Tanwar, Susheela Dahiya, Komal Kumar Bhatia, Yulei Wu, "Unleashing the Art of Digital Forensics, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition CRC Press, 2023.
3. Ahmed A. Abd El-Latif, Lo'ai Tawalbeh, Manoranjan Mohanty, Brij B. Gupta, Konstantinos E. Psannis, Digital Forensics and Cyber Crime Investigation: Recent Advances and Future Directions, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, CRC Press, 2024

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

**Course Code**  
**23CS01N**

**PYTHON PROGRAMMING**

**L T P E C**  
**2 0 2 0 3**

**COURSE OUTCOMES**

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

**Theory Component:**

- CO1: execute the basic programming constructs in Python environment. (CDL1)  
CO2: apply conditional and looping constructs for simple problem solving. (CDL1)  
CO3: demonstrate the representation of compound data using list. (CDL2)  
CO4: develop simple packages using hierarchical data structures. (CDL2)  
CO5: apply Python libraries like NumPy, pandas, matplotlib to solve applications. (CDL2)

**Practical Component:**

- CO6: demonstrate programs for simple algorithms using sequential, control structures and modular approach. (PDL1)  
CO7: develop application with hierarchical data structures using packages.

**CO1: execute the basic programming constructs in Python environment.**

**L:5**

Python interpreter and interactive mode - values and data types: Variables – expressions -

**P:5**

statements—operators—precedence of operators—Input and Output – comments -  
Errors: Syntax Errors—Runtime errors –Logical Errors.

**CO6:** demonstrate programs for simple algorithms using sequential, control structures and modular approach.

Solve the simple problems using basic programming constructs in python.

**CO2: apply conditional and looping constructs for simple problems solving.** **L:5**

Conditionals: Boolean values and operators—conditional (if) – alternative (if-else)—chained conditional (if-elif-else)—Iteration: state –while—for—break –continue—pass-  
Fruitful functions: Function argument and its types—return values—parameters—local and global scope—function composition—recursion—Documenting Function. **P:5**

**CO6:**

demonstrate programs for simple algorithms using sequential, control structures and modular approach.

Solve problem with conditional, looping constructs with functions.

**CO3: demonstrate the representation of compound data using list.** **L:7**

Classes and Inheritance - Object Oriented Programming - Class Instances - Class Methods. Strings: string slices - immutability - string functions and methods—string module- Lists: list operations - list slices - list methods - list loop - mutability - aliasing - cloning lists - list Parameters - Lists as arrays. **P:7**

**CO7: develop application with hierarchical data structures using packages.**

Implement problems using string and list concepts.

**CO4: develop simple packages using hierarchical data structures** **L:6**

Tuples: tuple assignment—tuple as return value—Dictionaries: operations and methods—advanced list processing—list comprehension—Files and exception: text files—reading and writing files—format operator—command line arguments—errors and exceptions—handling exceptions—modules –packages—Namespace. **P:6**

**CO7: develop application with hierarchical data structures using packages.**

Solve problems using tuples, dictionaries—Implement problem using files and modules.

**CO5: apply python libraries like NumPy, pandas, matplotlib to solve applications.** **L:7**

NumPy Basics: Arrays and Vectorized Computation—Pandas: Data Loading, storage and File Formats –Data Cleaning and Preparation—Data Wrangling: Join, Combine and Reshape—Plotting and Visualization—Data aggregation and Group operations. **P:7**

**CO7: develop application with hierarchical data structures using packages.**

Develop simple applications using NumPy and Pandas packages for data exploration.

## TEXTBOOKS:

1. Martin C. Brown, “The Complete Reference PYTHON”, McGraw Hill Publications, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2018.
2. Wes McKinney, “Python for Data Analysis: Data Wrangling with Pandas, NumPy & Jupyter”, O’Reilly publications, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2022.

## REFERENCEBOOKS:

1. John V. Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Application to Understanding Data", Prentice-Hall International publishers, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2021.
2. Meenu Kohli, "Basic Core Python Programming", BPB Publications, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2021

## WebReferences:

1. SWAYAM/NPTEL Course – Joy of Computing using Python

## Software Requirements:

- Python 3.x
- Google Colaboratory/Jupyter/Anaconda navigator

**L: 30; P: 30; TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**

| Course Code | FOUNDATIONS OF OBJECT ORIENTED | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|--------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23CS02N     | PROGRAMMING                    | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon the successful completion of the course, the student will be able to

### Theory Component

- CO1: explore the constructs of object oriented program (CDL1)  
 CO2: apply constructor and overloading mechanisms to simple application (CDL1)  
 CO3: employee code reusability through inheritance and polymorphism (CDL1)  
 CO4: develop real-world applications by using files, streams, and exceptions (CDL2)  
 CO5: construct well-defined, efficient data handling strategies using templates and STL (CDL1)

### Practical Component

- CO6: implement the basic object oriented principles such as class, objects, and constructors (PDL1)  
 CO7: establish code reusability through inheritance and polymorphism (PDL1)  
 CO8: solve problems using templates, STL, files and exception handling (PDL1)

**CO1: explore the constructs of object oriented program** **L:6,**

Introduction to OOPs - Applications of OOP - Structure of C++ - Program - C++ Basics: **P:6**

Keywords – Constants - Data Types - Dynamic Initialization of Variables – Reference Variables - Operators in C++ - C++ Class Overview: Class Definition Objects – Class Members - Access Control – Scope Resolution operator – Inline Function - Friend Functions - static class members.

**CO2: apply constructor and overloading mechanisms to simple programs** **L:6,**

**CO6: implement the basic object oriented principles such as class, objects, and constructors** **P:6**

Constructors: Parameterized Constructors - Multiple Constructors in a Class – Constructors with Default Arguments - Dynamic initialization of Objects - Copy Constructors – Dynamic Constructors - Destructors - Function Overloading - Operator overloading - Rules for Operator overloading - overloading of binary and unary operators.

**CO3: employ code reusability through inheritance and polymorphism** **L:6,**

**CO7: establish code reusability through inheritance and polymorphism** **P:6**

Introduction to inheritance - Defining Derived Classes - Single Inheritance – Multiple Inheritance - Multi-Level Inheritance - Hierarchical Inheritance - Hybrid Inheritance -

Virtual Base Classes - Abstract Classes - Constructors in Derived Classes – Introduction to pointers - Pointers to Objects - Virtual Functions - Pure Virtual Functions – Virtual Destructors.

**CO4: develop real-world applications by using files, streams, and exceptions** L:6,

Files in C++: File handling in C++ - File I/O - Formatted and Unformatted I/O - Basics of P:6  
Exception Handling, Types of exceptions - Exception Handling Mechanism - Throwing and Catching Mechanism.

**CO5:construct well-defined, efficient data handling strategies using templates and STL** L:6,  
P:6

**CO8: solve problems using templates, STL, files and exception handling**

Class Templates - Class Templates with Multiple Parameters - Function Templates, Function Templates with Multiple Parameters –Member Function Templates - STL.

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

1. Herbert Schildt, “C++: The Complete Reference”, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw – Hill Publishers, 2014.
2. Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel, “C++ How to Program”, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall Publisher, 2016.
3. Trivedi, Bhushan “Programming with ANSI C++”, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Oxford University Press - NASW Press, 2013.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Ira Pohl, “Object Oriented Programming using C++”, Pearson Education, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Reprint 2004.
2. S. B. Lippman, Josee Lajoie, Barbara E. Moo, “C++ Primer”, Pearson Education, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2012.
3. Bjarne Stroustrup, “The C++ Programming language”, Pearson Education, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2013.

**L: 30; P:30; TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**

Estd : 1984

|                    |                                           |          |          |          |          |          |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>Course Code</b> | <b>LINEAR ALGEBRA, MATHEMATICAL LOGIC</b> | <b>L</b> | <b>T</b> | <b>P</b> | <b>E</b> | <b>C</b> |
| <b>23SH01E</b>     | <b>AND SET THEORY</b>                     | <b>2</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>3</b> |

### COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: analyze concepts of vector spaces. (CDL 1)

CO2: measure the similarity between different datasets using Inner product spaces. (CDL 1)

CO3: decompose the matrix for computational convenience. (CDL 1)

CO4: illustrate the validity of the arguments. (CDL 1)

CO5: analyze the concepts of Sets, Relations and Functions. (CDL 1)

#### CO1: analyze concepts of vector spaces

Vector spaces – Subspaces – Linear combinations – linear span - Linear independence and linear dependence – Bases and dimensions.

**L:6**

**T:3**

#### CO2: measure the similarity between different datasets using Inner product spaces

Linear transformation - Null spaces and ranges – Rank Nullity theorem - Matrix representation of a linear transformations - Inner product space - Norms - Orthonormal Vectors - Gram Schmidt orthogonalisation process.

**L:6**

**T:3**

#### CO3: decompose the matrix for computational convenience

Generalized eigenvector - QR decomposition- generalized inverse - Singular value decomposition and applications – Pseudo Inverse .

**L:6**

**T:3**

#### CO4: illustrate the validity of the arguments.

Propositional Logic – Equivalences and Implications – Normal forms – Predicate Calculus and Quantifiers - Rules of inference – Proof methods and Strategies - Forward Proof, Proof by Contradiction, Proof by Contraposition, Proof of Necessity and Sufficiency.

**L:6**

**T:3**

#### CO5: analyze the concepts of Sets, Relations and Functions

Basic Definitions - Set operations – Laws of set theory – Relations – Properties of relations - Partial Ordering Relation - Equivalence Relation - Matrices of relations - Closure of relations – Functions – Bijective functions - Inverse and Compositions of functions.

**L:6**

**T:3**

### TEXT BOOKS

1. Kenneth H.Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and its Applications (with Combinatory and Graph Theory), Special Indian Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2021.
2. Bernard Kolman and David Hill, “Elementary Linear Algebra with Application” Pearson India, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2019.
3. Erwin Kreyszig, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley India, 2017.

### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Tremblay J.P and Manohar.R. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Company Limited, New Delhi, 2017.
2. Friedberg, A.H., Insel, A.J. and Spence, L., Elementary Linear Algebra, a matrix approach, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition pearson Publication.
3. Raju.K.George and Abhijith Ajayakumar, A course in Linear Algebra, Springer, 2024.
4. Seymour Lipschutz Marc Lipson., “Linear Algebra” Schaum’s Out lines series, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, McGraw – Hill Education, 2018.

**L : 30; T :15; TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

|                    |                              |          |          |          |          |          |
|--------------------|------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>Course Code</b> | <b>LINEAR STRUCTURES AND</b> | <b>L</b> | <b>T</b> | <b>P</b> | <b>E</b> | <b>C</b> |
| <b>23SH02E</b>     | <b>TRANSFORMATIONS</b>       | <b>2</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>3</b> |

### COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: solve the linear system of equations. (CDL 1)

CO2: determine the dimension of vector spaces. (CDL 1)

CO3: find the orthonormal vectors using Inner product spaces. (CDL 1)

CO4: illustrate Jordan canonical form on a finite dimensional vector space. (CDL 1)

CO5:decompose the matrix using Generalized Eigen vectors for computation.(CDL 1)

#### CO 1: solve the linear system of equations

**L:6,**

General system of linear equations – Matrices– Echelon form of matrix- Solving linear systems- Consistency of a system of linear equations -LU factorization.

**T:3**

#### CO2: determine the dimension of vector spaces

**L:6,**

Vector spaces – Subspaces – Linear combinations – linear span - Linear independence and linear dependence – Bases and dimensions.

**T:3**

#### CO3: find the orthonormal vectors using Inner product spaces

**L:6,**

Linear transformation - Null spaces and ranges – Rank Nullity Theorem - Matrix representation of a linear transformations - Inner product space - Norms - Orthonormal Vectors - Gram Schmidt orthogonalisation process.

**T:3**

#### CO4: illustrate Jordan canonical form on a finite dimensional vector space

**L:6,**

Generalized eigenvector- Chains- Canonical basis the minimum polynomial- - Algebraic and Geometric multiplicity of Eigen Values - Similar matrices-Modal matrix-Jordan canonical form.

**T:3**

#### CO5: decompose the matrix using Generalized Eigen vectors for computation

**L:6**

Eigen-values using QR transformations – Generalized Inverse Eigen vectors – Canonical forms – Singular value decomposition and applications – Pseudo inverse

**T:3**

### TEXT BOOKS

1. Bernard Kolman and David Hill, “Elementary Linear Algebra with Application” Pearson India, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition 2019.
2. Seymour Lipschutz Marc Lipson., “Linear Algebra” Schaum’s Out lines series, Six edition, McGraw – Hill Education, 2018.

### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Friedberg, A.H., Insel, A.J. and Spence, L., Elementary Linear Algebra, A Matrix Approach, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Pearson 2019.
2. Jim Defranza. Daniel Gagliardi “Introduction to Linear Algebra with Applications” Waveland PrLnk, 2015.
3. Eggar. Goodaire “Linear Algebra Pure & Applied”, World Scientific, New Delhi, first edition, 2015.
4. Raju. K. George and Abhijith Ajayakumar, A course in Linear Algebra, Springer, 2024.

**L : 30; T :15; TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

| Course Code | NUMBER THEORY | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|---------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23SH03E     |               | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

### COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: acquire the concepts of theory of numbers. (CDL 1)

CO2: apply the fundamental propositions to interpret solutions of congruence. (CDL 1)

CO3: find the primitive roots for the congruence. (CDL 1)

CO4: analyze the inter-relation between arithmetical functions. (CDL 1)

CO5: determine quadratic residues of congruence. (CDL 1)

#### CO1 : acquire the concepts of theory of numbers

Introduction – Divisibility- Greatest common divisor - Prime numbers - The fundamental theorem of arithmetic - The series of reciprocals of the primes - The Euclidean algorithm(without Proof) - The greatest common divisor of more than two numbers. L:6  
T:3

#### CO2 : apply the fundamental propositions to interpret solutions of congruence

Congruence - Linear congruence - Euler-Fermat theorem - Polynomial congruence modulo p – Wilson’s Theorem L:6,  
T:3

#### CO3: analyze the inter-relation between arithmetical functions.

The Mobius function  $\mu(n)$  – The Euler Totient function  $\varphi(n)$ – A relation connecting  $\varphi$  and  $\mu$  – A product formula for  $\varphi(n)$  – properties of  $\varphi(n)$  –Multiplicative functions– completely multiplicative function. L:6,  
T:3

#### CO4: determine quadratic residues of congruence

Quadratic Residues – Legendre’s symbol and its properties – Evaluation of  $(-1|p)$  and  $(2|p)$  – Gauss lemma – The Quadratic Reciprocity law – Applications – The Jacobi symbol. L:6,  
T:3

#### CO5: implement the concepts of congruence in cryptography

Chinese remainder theorem - Applications of Chinese remainder theorem - Cryptography and its application – RSA algorithm and Rabin Cryptosystem. L:6,  
T:3

### TEXT BOOKS

1. Tom M.Apostol, “Introduction to Analytic Number Theory”, Springer International Edition, Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2013.
2. G.A.Jones&J.M.Jones, “Elementary Number Theory”, Springer publications, 2012.

### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. David M.Burton, “Elementary Number Theory”, McGraw Hill, 7<sup>th</sup>Edition,2023
2. Joseph H.Silverman, “A Friendly Introduction to Number Theory”, Pearson Education, 4<sup>th</sup>Edition, 2019.
3. Titu Andreesu, Gabriel Dospinescu, Oleg MushKarov, Number Theory: concepts and problems, Springer Science & Business Media, 2017.
4. S B Malik , “Basic Number Theory”, S Chand publications, 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition, 2018

**L : 30; T :15; TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

| Course Code | NUMERICAL ANALYSIS | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|--------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23SH04E     |                    | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

### COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: solve algebraic and transcendental equations using numerical methods. (CDL 1)

CO2: interpolate and approximate the polynomial of data. (CDL 1)

CO3: perform numerical differentiation and integration. (CDL 1)

CO4: find numerical solution of ordinary differential equation. (CDL 1)

CO5: classify and find numerical solution of partial differential equations. (CDL 1)

#### CO 1: solve algebraic and transcendental equations using numerical methods

Solutions of Algebraic linear equations Newton - Raphson Method, Fixed Point Iteration method - Solutions of algebraic simultaneous linear equations - Gauss Elimination –Gauss Seidel Methods. L:6  
T:3

#### CO 2: interpolate and approximate the polynomial of data

Curve Fitting – Method of Least Squares – Fitting a Straight Line – Fitting a Second Degree Parabola - Finite differences - Newton's Forward & Backward Difference Formulae - Central Differences - Stirling's Formula - Lagrange's Formula. L:6  
T:3

#### CO 3: perform numerical differentiation and integration

Derivatives using forward and backward difference Formulae - Trapezoidal rule - Simpson's rules - Double integration using Trapezoidal and Simpson's rules. L:6  
T:3

#### CO 4: find numerical solution of ordinary differential equation

Taylor's Series Method - Euler's Method – Runge Kutta fourth order Method – Predictor - corrector Methods - Milne's Method - Finite difference for solving ordinary differential equation. L:6  
T:3

#### CO 5: classify and find numerical solution of partial differential equations

Classification of Partial Differential Equations of second order - Finite difference solution of one dimensional heat equation by explicit and implicit methods (Crank Nicholson and Bender Schmidt methods) - One dimensional wave equation and two dimensional Laplace and Poisson equations. L:6  
T:3

### TEXT BOOKS

1. Grewal, B.S., "Numerical Methods in Engineering & Science: With Programs in C, C++ & MATLAB", 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2014.
2. M.K.Jain, S.R.K.Iyengar, R.K.Jain "Numerical Methods for scientific and Engineering Computation", 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, New age International Publishers, 2019.
3. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, J. Wiley and Sons, 2023.

### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Chapra, S. C and Canale, R. P. "Numerical Methods for Engineers", 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGrawHill, New Delhi, 2021.
2. Saumyen Guha, Rajesh Srivastava "Numerical Methods: For Engineering and Science", Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition with third impression, 2015.
3. K.Sankara Rao, "Numerical Methods For Scientists And Engineers", 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, New age International Publisher, 2018

4. Dr Chaitanya Kumar, Dr Harinderjit Kaur Chawla, Dr Indarpal Singh “A Textbook on Numerical Methods and Analysis” Sultan Chand and Sons Publisher, 2024

**L : 30; T :15; TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

| Course Code | OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23SH05E     |                         | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

### COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:

**CO1:** find optimum solution of linear programming problem. (CDL 1)

**CO2:** determine the optimum schedule for assignment and transportation problems. (CDL 1)

**CO3:** acquire decision making in Pure and Mixed Strategies. (CDL 1)

**CO4:** analyze the network for optimal schedule. (CDL 1)

**CO5:** compute optimum solution of non-linear programming. (CDL 1)

#### CO1: find optimum solution of linear programming problem

Linear Programming Problem – Mathematical Formulation of Linear Programming Problems (LPP) – Graphical Solution Method - Canonical and Standard Forms of LPP - Simplex Method - Linear Programming using Artificial Variables - Two Phase Method. **L:6**  
**T:3**

#### CO2:acquire decision making in Pure and Mixed Strategies

Basic Terms in Game Theory - Two-Person Zero-Sum Games - Maximin-Minimax Principal - Games without Saddle Points - Mixed Strategies-Pure and Mixed Strategies with Saddle Point- Mixed Strategy Problems by Arithmetic Method- Graphic Solution of  $2 \times n$  and  $m \times 2$  Games. **L:6**  
**T:3**

#### CO3: analyze the network for optimal schedule

Development of Network Analysis - Network Analysis and Rules of Network Construction - Critical Path Method (CPM) - Programme Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT). **L:6**  
**T:3**

#### CO4: compute optimum solution of non – linear programming

Formulating a Non-Linear Programming Problem – Constrained Optimization with equality Constraints- Graphical Solution – Kuhn- Tucker Conditions with Non negative constraints- Quadratic Programming – Wolfe’s modified Simplex method. **L:6**  
**T:3**

#### CO5: solve non-linear constrained optimization

Optimization using Gradient Descent – Constrained optimization - Lagrange Multipliers - Convex optimization - Non linear Constrained Optimization. **L:6**  
**T:3**

### TEXT BOOKS

1. KantiSwarup, Gupta P.K and Man Mohan, Operations Research: Introduction to management Science, Sultan Chand & Sons, 20<sup>th</sup> Revised Edition, 2022.
2. Hamdy A Taha, Operations Research - An Introduction, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2019.

### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Sharma JK., Operations Research, Trinity, New Delhi, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2017.

2. Sundaresan.V, Ganapathy Subramanian. K.S. and Ganesan.K, Resource Management Techniques, A.R. Publications, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2017.
3. Gupta P K, Mohan Man, Problems in Operations Research, Sultan Chand & Sons, 2014
4. V K Kapoor, Operations Research , Concept problems & solutions, Sultan Chand & Sons, 2017

**L : 30; T :15; TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

| Course Code | PRINCIPLES OF DISCRETE MATHEMATICS | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23SH06E     |                                    | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

### COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: illustrate the validity of the arguments. (CDL 1)

CO2: analyze the concepts of Sets, Relations and Functions. (CDL 1)

CO3: perform the principles of counting and solve recurrence relations. (CDL 1)

CO4: interpret the basic concepts of graphs. (CDL 1)

CO5: compute minimum Spanning Trees and shortest route for the graph. (CDL 1)

#### CO1: illustrate the validity of the arguments.

Propositional Logic – Equivalences and Implications – Normal forms – Rules of inference – Proof methods and Strategies - Forward Proof, Proof by Contradiction, Proof by Contraposition, Proof of Necessity and Sufficiency. L:6  
T:3

#### CO2: analyze the concepts of Sets, Relations and Functions

Basic Definitions - Set operations – Laws of set theory – Relations – Properties of relations - Equivalence Relation - Matrices of relations - Closure of relations – Functions – Bijective functions - Inverse and Compositions of functions. L:6  
T:3

#### CO3: perform the principles of counting and solve recurrence relations.

Mathematical induction - Strong induction and well ordering -The basics of counting – The pigeonhole principle - Recurrence relations – Solving linear recurrence relations – Generating functions - Inclusion and exclusion principle. L:6  
T:3

#### CO4:interpret the basic concepts of graphs

Graphs and their properties - Special types of graphs – Matrix representation of graphs and graph isomorphism- Euler and Hamiltonian graphs. L:6  
T:3

#### CO5: compute minimum Spanning Trees and shortest route for the graph

Trees – Some properties of Trees – Pendant vertices in a Tree – Distance and centers in a Tree – Rooted and Binary Trees - Spanning Trees- minimum spanning tree–Prim's algorithm. L:6  
T:3

### TEXT BOOKS

1. Kenneth H.Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and its Applications (with Combinatory and Graph Theory), Special Indian Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2021.
2. Trembly J.P and Manohar.R. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, first Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Company Limited, New Delhi, 2020.
3. Narsingh Deo, Graph Theory with Applications to Engineering and Computer Science, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Dover Publications Inc., 2016.

## REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Ralph .P. Grimaldi, Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics: An Applied Introduction, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education Asia, Delhi, 2019.
2. Bondy, J.A., Murty.U.S.R., Graph Theory with applications, North Holland publication, 2008.
3. K.Balakrishnan, Schaum's Outline of Graph Theory, Tata Mc Graw-Hill Pub, 2020.
4. Richard J.J, Introduction to Graph Theory, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Parker Pub.Company, 2017.

**L : 30; T :15; TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

| Course Code | RANDOM PROCESSES AND QUEUEING THEORY | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23SH07E     |                                      | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: interpret the basic characteristic features of Random processes. (CDL 1)

CO2: encapsulate the time averages of uncertain events. (CDL 1)

CO3: evaluate spectral densities of functions. (CDL 1)

CO4: analyze the characteristics of Markovian queues. (CDL 1)

CO5: apply the concepts of queuing theory in networks.(CDL 1)

### CO1: interpret the basic characteristic features of Random processes

**L:6,**

Classification - Stationary process - Markov process - Markov chains - Transition probabilities.

**T:3**

### CO2 : encapsulate the time averages of uncertain events

**L:6,**

Counting Process - Ergodic process - Poisson Process - Renewal Processes - Gaussian process.

**T:3**

### CO3 :evaluate spectral densities of functions

**L:6,**

Auto correlation - Cross correlation – Power spectral density–Cross spectral density- Properties–Wiener – Khintchine theorem (without proof).

**T:3**

### CO4 : analyze the characteristics of Markovian queues

**L:6,**

Markovian models – Birth and Death Queuing models- Steady state results: Single and multiple server queuing models- queues with finite waiting rooms- Finite source models- Little's Formula.

**T:3**

### CO5: apply the concepts of queuing theory in networks

**L:6,**

M/G/1 queue- Pollaczek- Khintchine formula, series queues- open and closed networks.

**T:3**

## TEXT BOOKS

1. Oliver C. Ibe, “Fundamentals of Applied Probability and Random processes”, Academic Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2014.
2. Hwei Hsu, “Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Probability, Random Variables and Random Processes, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2017.
3. John F Shortle, James M Thompson, Donald Gross and Carl M Harris, “Fundamentals of Queueing Theory”, Wiley and Sons Publication Limited, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2018.

## REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Miller.S.L and Childers, S.L, Probability and Random Processes with applications to Signal Processing and Communications, Elsevier Inc., 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2012.
2. Peyton. Z. Peebles Jr., Probability Random Variables and Random Signal Principles, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers, New Delhi, 2017.
3. Erwin Kreyszig, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley India, 2017.

**L : 30; T :15; TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

| Course Code | STATISTICAL TECHNIQUES AND NUMERICAL | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23SH08E     | METHODS                              | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: calculate the various measures of dispersion. (CDL 1)

CO2: apply the principles of hypothesis testing in small and large samples. (CDL 1)

CO3: analyze the variances in design of experiments. (CDL 1)

CO4: find solution of linear equations and to perform differentiation and integration numerically. (CDL 1)

CO5: compute numerical solution of differential equations. (CDL 1)

### CO1: calculate the various measures of dispersion

Central tendencies - Mean, median, mode - Measures of Dispersion –Mean deviation, and Quartile deviation–Moments– Skewness –Kurtosis - Correlation and Regression.

**L:6,  
T:3**

### CO2: apply the principles of hypothesis testing in small and large samples

Sampling distributions - Statistical hypothesis - Large sample tests based on Normal distribution for single mean and difference of means -Tests based on t, and F distributions - Chi-square -Contingency table for independent of attributes – Goodness of fit.

**L:6,  
T:3**

### CO3: analyze the variances in design of experiments

One way and two way classifications - Completely randomized design – Randomized block design – Latin square design – 2<sup>2</sup> factorial design.

**L:6,  
T:3**

### CO4: find solution of linear equations and to perform differentiation and integration numerically

Solution of algebraic and transcendental linear equations - Newton - Raphson Method- Solution of simultaneous equations – Gauss Elimination method – Gauss Seidel method – Interpolation – Lagrange’s Method - Numerical Differentiation – Newton’s forward difference and backward difference formula – Numerical integration - Single integration using Trapezoidal and Simpson’s 1/3 rd and 3/8 th rules.

**L:6,  
T:3**

### CO5: compute numerical solution of differential equations

Taylor’s Series Method – Euler’s Method – Runge Kutta fourth order Method – Predictor - corrector Methods – Milne’s Method - Solution of one dimensional heat equation by explicit and implicit methods(Crank Nicholson and Bender Schmidt methods) - Two dimensional Laplace and Poisson equations.

**L:6,  
T:3**

## TEXT BOOKS

1. Richard A. Johnson, “Miller and Freund’s Probability and Statistics for Engineers”, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education Private Ltd., 2018.
2. Grewal, B.S., “Numerical Methods in Engineering & Science: With Programs in C, C++ & MATLAB”, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2014.

## REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Dharmaraja Selvamuthu, Dipayan Das, Introduction to Statistical Methods, Design of Experiments and Statistical Quality Control, Springer Verlag Singapore Pvt. Ltd., 2018.
2. S.C. Gupta and V.K. Kapoor, "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, 12<sup>th</sup> Edition, Sultan Chand & Sons, Delhi, 2014.
3. M.K.Jain.S.R.K.Iyengar,R.K.Jain "Numerical Methods for scientific and Engineering Computation", 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, New age International Publishers, 2019.
4. Chapra, S. C and Canale, R. P. "Numerical Methods for Engineers", 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw - Hill, New Delhi, 2021.

**L : 30; T :15; TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

|                    |                                               |          |          |          |          |          |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>Course Code</b> | <b>TRANSFORMS, MATHEMATICAL LOGIC AND SET</b> | <b>L</b> | <b>T</b> | <b>P</b> | <b>E</b> | <b>C</b> |
| <b>23SH09E</b>     | <b>THEORY</b>                                 | <b>2</b> | <b>1</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>3</b> |

## COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:

### Theory Components:

CO1: apply Laplace transform to solve ordinary differential equations. (CDL 1)

CO2: compute the Fourier transforms of various functions. (CDL 1)

CO3: solve difference equations using Z-Transform. (CDL 1)

CO4: illustrate the validity of the arguments. (CDL 1)

CO5:analyze the concepts of Sets, Relations and Functions. (CDL 1)

### **CO 1 : apply Laplace transform to solve ordinary differential equations**

Definition of Laplace transform and its inverse – Transforms of elementary functions – Properties – Transforms of periodic functions – Initial and final value theorems – Convolution theorem.- solutions of linear ordinary differential equations with constant coefficients.

**L:6,  
T:3**

### **CO2 : compute the Fourier transforms of various functions**

Fourier Integral theorem (without proof)–Fourier transform pair–Fourier Sine and Cosine transforms–Properties–Transforms of simple functions–Convolution theorem –Parseval's theorem.

**L:6,  
T:3**

### **CO3 : solve difference equations using Z-Transform**

Z– transform –Elementary properties – Inverse Z–transform – Convolution theorem- Initial and final value theorem – Formation of difference equations –Solutions of difference equations using Z–transform.

**L:6,  
T:3**

### **CO4: illustrate the validity of the arguments.**

Propositional Logic – Equivalences and Implications – Normal forms – Rules of inference – Proof methods and Strategies - Forward Proof, Proof by Contradiction, Proof by Contraposition, Proof of Necessity and Sufficiency.

**L:6,  
T:3**

### **CO5: analyze the concepts of Sets, Relations and Functions**

Basic Definitions - Set operations – Laws of set theory – Relations – Properties of relations - Equivalence Relation - Matrices of relations - Closure of relations – Functions – Bijective functions - Inverse and Compositions of functions

**L:6,  
T:3**

## TEXT BOOKS

1. Grewal.B.S. "Higher Engineering Mathematics", 44<sup>th</sup> Edition, Khanna Publications, Delhi, 2021.
2. Kenneth H.Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing

Company Limited, New Delhi, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2021.

3. Erwin Kreyszig, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, 10<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley India, 2017.

## REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Ramana B.V, “Higher Engineering Mathematics”, Tata Mc-Graw Hill Education, New Delhi, 2017.
2. Trembly J.P and Manohar.R. Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Company Limited, New Delhi, 2017.
3. J K Goyal, K.P.Gupta, Laplace and Fourier Transforms, Pragati Prakashan, 2016

**L : 30; T :15; TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

| Course Code | FUNDAMENTALS OF LASER TECHNOLOGY | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23SH10E     |                                  | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

## COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successfully completing the course , the students will be able to:

CO1: explain the fundamentals of lasers (CDL1)

CO2: demonstrate the laser surface modification process (CDL1)

CO3: describe the laser machining processes (CDL1)

CO4: identify the laser measurement and testing process (CDL1)

CO5: organize the advanced applications and safety measures of laser (CDL1)

### CO1: explain the fundamentals of lasers

Characteristics of laser -laser principle- population inversion-line broadening mechanisms-Q switching - threshold condition for laser-three-level and four-level systems-conditions for continuous wave (CW) and pulsed laser action- pumping schemes-classification of lasers:Er:YAG - carbon dioxide lasers - argon laser - X-Ray lasers - fiber lasers - Raman lasers.

**L:9**

### CO2: demonstrate the laser surface modification process

Laser surface heat treatment: process parameters - advantages and disadvantages of laser surface treatment; laser surface melting - laser direct metal deposition: processing parameters - methods for applying the coating material- laser alloying and cladding - advantages and disadvantages -laser physical vapor deposition - laser shock peening: analysis - advantages and disadvantages

**L:9**

### CO3: describe the laser machining processes

Laser welding parameters: beam power, spot diameter and traverse speed; welding efficiency; mechanism of laser welding: conduction mode welding, keyhole welding; laser cutting – process characteristics-fusion cutting, sublimation cutting, photochemical ablation;laser drilling –single pulse drilling-percussion drilling, trepanning applications - laser marking - dot matrix marking, engraving, image micro machining -lasers for marking - application

**L:9**

### CO4: identify the laser measurement and testing process

Laser for measurement - distance -length-velocity-acceleration-current-voltage-atmospheric effect-laser application in spatial frequency filtering.

**L:9**

Holography: basic principle - methods - Holographic interferometry and applications- holography for non – destructive testing – holographic components

### CO5: organize the advanced applications and safety measures of laser

Laser advanced application in defence-laser weapons- industry for material handling: ASRS and AGV- medicine -laser activated therapy - photodynamic therapy, laser angioplasty, lasers in surgery - photocoagulation, photodisruption and photoablation - laser scanning confocal microscopy - Laser safety - danger - safety limits for eye and skin - class four safety arrangements - electric hazards- chemical hazards - fume hazards - explosion hazards - safety guidelines

L:9

### TEXTBOOKS:

1. William M. Steen, "Laser Material Processing", Springer Verlag, 2010
2. K.Thyagarajan, AjoyK.Ghatak, "Lasers, Theory and Applications", Springer, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2011.
3. Chunlei Guo, Subhash Chandra Singh Handbook of Laser Technology and Applications Lasers Applications: Materials Processing and Spectroscopy, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, (Vol.3), 2021

### REFERENCES:

1. Uday Shanker Dixit, Shrikrishna N. Joshi, J. Paulo Davim, "Application of Lasers in Manufacturing" Springer Singapore, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2019
2. Stephan Wieneke and Christoph Gerhard, "Lasers in Medical Diagnosis and Therapy Basics, applications and future prospects" IOP Publishing Ltd, 2018
3. AK Katiyar, CK Pandey and Manisha Bajpai, "Fundamentals of Laser Systems and Applications", Wiley, 2017.

L : 45; TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

### Course Code

23SH11E

### NANOMATERIALS FOR ENGINEERS

L T P E C

3 0 0 0 3

### COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successfully completing the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: explain the fundamentals of nanomaterials (CDL1)

CO2: interpret the different properties of nanomaterials (CDL1)

CO3: demonstrate the synthesis of nanomaterials (CDL1)

CO4: illustrate the characterization of nanomaterials (CDL1)

CO5: organize the applications of nanomaterials (CDL1)

### CO1: explain the fundamentals of nanomaterials

Introduction to nanomaterials - size effect - specific surface area - surface to volume ratio - quantum confinement effects - morphology - density - melting point - wettability - classification based on the dimension - nanoparticles - nanowires - nanoclusters - nanotubes - quantum wells - metal based nanomaterials - nanocomposites - carbon nanotubes - nanosized metals - alloys - semiconductors - ceramics

L:9

### CO2: interpret the different properties of nanomaterials

Mechanical behavior- comparison of bulk and nano materials - elastic and plastic deformation - tensile strength - superplasticity - hardness - nano hardness - influence of porosity - grain size - thermodynamics of nanoparticles- heat capacity - phase transformation of nanoparticles- electrical and optical properties: electrical conductivity in nano tubes, nano rods and nanocomposites - photoconductivity of nanorods - electroluminescence in nanoparticles- magnetic properties: magnetic hysteresis - superparamagnetism

L:9

### CO3: demonstrate the synthesis of nanomaterials

Bottom-up and top-down approach - inert gas condensation - plasma arc technique - ion sputtering - ball milling - molecular beam epitaxy - chemical vapour deposition - method - electrodeposition - ultrasonication - microemulsions method - solvothermal synthesis - microwave assisted synthesis. **L:9**

### CO4: illustrate the characterization of nanomaterials

X-ray diffraction - energy dispersive spectrum - atomic force microscopy - high resolution transmission electron microscopy - Raman spectroscopy - x-ray photoelectron spectroscopy - electrochemical characterization measurements - cyclic voltammetry - linear sweep voltammetry - Brunauer-Emmett-Teller - surface area analysis - nanoindentation - determination of nano hardness. **L:9**

### CO5: organize the applications of nanomaterials

Functional graphene - carbon nanotube - polymer composite applications in defence and aerospace - nanomaterials for solar cells - nanoscale catalysts for energy and automobile industries - rechargeable batteries based on nanomaterials - nanomaterials for electrodes and wearable electronics - nano based coating and paints - nanosensors -gas sensors - bio sensors - nano electro mechanical systems **L:9**

### TEXTBOOKS:

1. Charles P Poole, Frank J Ownes, Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, An Indian Adaption, Wiley, 2020
2. Hornyak, G.Louis, Tibbals, H.F., Dutta, Joydeep, Fundamentals of Nanotechnology, CRC Press, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2018
3. Dieter Vollath, Nanomaterials an introduction to synthesis, properties and applications, Wiley, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2013

### REFERENCES:

1. Narendra Kumar, Sunita Kumbhat, Essentials in Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Wiley, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2016
2. G. Cao, Ying Wang, Nanostructures and nanomaterials: Synthesis, properties and applications, Imperial College Press, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2011
3. B.S. Murty , P. Shankar , Baldev Raj , B B Rath , James Murday, Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Springer, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2013

**L : 45; TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

### Course Code

23SH12E

### PHOTONICS

| L | T | P | E | C |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

### COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successfully completing the course , the students will be able to:

CO1: explain the basics of photonics (CDL1)

CO2: demonstrate the properties of photonic crystal (CDL1)

CO3: outline the basics of bio photonics (CDL1)

CO4: interpret the quantum confinement in photonic materials(CDL1)

CO5: organize the applications of photonic materials (CDL1)

### CO1:explain the basics of photonics

Wave phenomena – interference, diffraction-photon properties - energy, flux, statistics- **L:9**

Interaction of photons with atoms-optical amplification-three and four level system -EDFA-semiconductor light sources-detectors-light manipulation - birefringence - Faraday's rotation - interaction of light with RF and acoustic waves - Raman-Nath diffraction experiment .

**CO2: demonstrate the properties of photonic crystal**

Electromagnetic theory of light-electromagnetic properties of material- polarization of light; Reflection and refraction- Fresnel equations; absorption, dispersion, and scattering of electromagnetic waves -Bragg grating; 1D photonic crystals -photonic band structure-real and reciprocal lattices; 2D and 3D photonic crystals-emerging applications of photonic crystals - 1D Bragg grating - periodic dielectric wave guide - 2D photonic crystal slab and fibre.

L:9

**CO3:outline the basics of bio photonics**

Fundamentals of light and matter-basics of light-matter interactions in molecules, cells and tissues -lasers for biophotonics -bioimaging: principles and applications-transmission microscopy, Kohler illumination-optical biosensors-light activated therapy: photo thermal and photo dynamic therapy- tissue engineering with light- optical tweezers, scissors and traps - bio nanophotonics applications - bio chip - DNA micro-arrays - gene chip - lab on chip.

L:9

**CO4:interpret the quantum confinement in photonic materials**

Quantum confined materials: quantum wells, quantum wires, quantum dots, quantum rings, manifestations of quantum confinement, optical properties, quantum confined stark effect, dielectric confinement effect.

L:9

Nanoplasmonics: optical response of metals, plasmons, optical properties of metal nanoparticles, size dependent absorption and scattering, coupled nanoparticles - metal-dielectric core-shell nanoparticles - local electromagnetic fields in metal nanoparticles.

**CO5: organize the applications of photonic materials**

Excitation energy transfer – device operation: nanophotonic AND gate - nanophotonic OR gate – interconnection with photonic devices - metamaterials concept; super lens, hyperbolic metamaterials and application in high-resolution imaging: hyper lens - tunable photonic metamaterials based devices - electro-optical metamaterials - phase-change metamaterials - metamaterials in solar energy harvesting - perfect absorbers and thermal emitter

L:9

**TEXTBOOKS:**

1. Bahaa E. A. Saleh, Malvin Carl Teich, Fundamentals of Photonics, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Wiley, 2019.
2. Brian Culshaw, Introducing Photonics, Cambridge University Press, 2020.
3. Gerd Keiser, Biophotonics: Concepts to Applications, second edition, Springer Nature Singapore Pvt. Ltd 2022.

**REFERENCES:**

1. Joseph W. Haus, Fundamentals and Applications of Nanophotonics, Woodhead Publishing, 2016.
2. W.Cai and V. Shalaev, Optical Metamaterials: Fundamentals and Applications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Springer, 2024.
3. P PYupapin, K Srinuanjan, S Kamoldilok, Devices, Circuits and Systems: Nanophotonics, Pan Stanford Publishing, 2013.
4. Paulo Ribeiro, Maria Raposo, "Optics, Photonics and Laser Technology", Springer International publishing, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, 2018

**L : 45; TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**

**Course Code**  
**23SH13E**

**BIOLOGY FOR COMPUTING**

| L | T | P | E | C |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

CO1: describe the structure, interaction and applications of biomolecules

CO2: interpret the structure and functions of the gene and protein using the bioinformatics data

CO3: simulate the behavior of simple biological models using computational softwares

CO4: identify and design molecules for new drug development by computational methods

**CO1: describe the structure, interaction and applications of biomolecules**

**L:9**

**Biomolecules-I :**

Introduction – monomeric units and polymeric structures of carbohydrates, proteins, nucleic acids and lipids. Enzymes: enzymatic action via Lock and key – Enzyme therapy - immune response monitoring – molecular modification – encapsulation. Agarose gel electrophoresis: SDS, PAGE and 2D – Molecular interactions: covalent and non-covalent interactions, antigen – antibody interactions. Methods to measure the interactions: UV-visible and single crystal X-ray diffraction.

**Biomolecules -II**

**L:9**

Chromosome structure and function – chromosome abnormalities – chromosome dynamics – nuclear architecture. DNA transcription, replication and segregation. DNA finger printing. Pedigree analysis. Identifying human disease genes (functional cloning versus positional cloning; mutation screening). Human genome project: introduction – steps – salient features. Hap map project – salient features.

**CO2: interpret the structure and functions of the gene and protein using the bioinformatics data**

**L:9**

Bioinformatics: introduction – biological databases – types. DNA databases – EMBL, gene bank, DDBJ. Protein databases: Swiss Prot/TrEMBL, PIR. Sequence motif databases - Pfam, PROSITE, Protein structure databases, protein data Bank – SCOP, CATH, and KEGG. Sequence analysis – methods of sequencing: sangar method, maxama - gilbert method and edman degradation method, NGS methods of sequencing. Basic local alignment search tool (BLAST) – types – determining the identity of an organism from its r DNA gene nucleotide sequence. Softwares for handling the databases – ChemDiff.

**CO3: simulate the behavior of simple biological models using computational softwares**

**L:9**

Quantum mechanics: influence of physics on theoretical chemistry. Semi empirical methods – slater determinants – Hartree – Fock equation. Semi empirical models - Ab-initio calculations: Thermodynamic functions – koopmans's theorem – isodesmic reactions, Density functional theory for larger molecules. Introduction to Gaussian and ADF : Geometry optimization, frequency calculation, location of transition state, intrinsic reaction co-ordinates, molecular orbitals and population analysis, natural bond orbital analysis, calculation of equilibrium constants and rate constants. Introduction to GROMACS: GROMACS input files, simulations of liquid water, water methanol mixtures, S-peptide and free energy of salvation. Introduction to SCILAB- Scilab programming: Curve fitting, integral transforms and introduction to molecular dynamics. Execution of programs for liquid argon.

**CO4: identify and design molecules for new drug development by computational methods**

**L:9**

**Drug design:** General approach to discovery of new drugs – lead modification – calculation of the various drug likeness rules like Lipinski's rule, MDDR - like rule, Veber rule, Ghose filter, BBB rule, CMC-50 like rule and Quantitative estimate of drug-likeness (QED) using

DruLiTo and Swiss ADMESoftware. Pharmacokinetic properties of drug using Osiris and Molinspiration software. Structure-based drug designing approaches - target identification and validation - physiochemical principles of drug action – drug stereo chemistry – drug action - 3D database – computer aided drug design. Identification of the suitable target using Phrammapper - Molecular docking programs using Autovinassoftwares and visualization tools - Preparation of protein and ligand using ADT and pymol-generation of paper publication-quality images and data analysis-protein-protein docking-Protein DNA docking

### TEXT BOOKS

1. Shawn T. O'Neil, A Primer for Computational Biology, Oregon State Campus, Corvallis, USA, 2019.
2. Frank Jensen, Introduction to Computational Chemistry, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Wiley publishing LLC. USA, 2016
3. Philly Charles, Genes, Genomes, Genetics and Chromosomes, Nottinghamshire, England, 2020.

### REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Ariel Fernández Stigliano, Biomolecular Interfaces: Interactions, Functions and Drug Design, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Springer International Publishing AG, London, 2016.
2. S.C. Rastogi, P.Rastogi, N.Mendiratta, Bioinformatics: Methods and Applications - Genomics, Proteomics and Drug Discovery, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., Delhi, 2022.
3. Robert A. Copeland, Enzymes: A Practical Introduction to Structure, Mechanism, and Data Analysis, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Wiley-Blackwell, New York, 2023.

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

**Course Code**  
**23SH14E**

**BIOLOGICAL SYSTEMS FOR ENGINEERS**

| L | T | P | E | C |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

### COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon successful completion of the course the students will be able to

CO1: understanding of bio design principles to create novel devices and structures and cell biology

CO2: explain the structure and stability of biomolecules

CO3: describe the principle, components and applications of various instruments for medical diagnosis

CO4: interpret the major bio-energetic pathways

CO5: explain the properties characterization and application of various biomaterials

#### CO1: understand the basic principles of biology to create novel devices

Cell - prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells - plant cell and animal cell - structural and function of Mitochondria - Chloroplast - Lysosomes - Golgi bodies - Nucleus. Cell cycle: mitosis and meiosis. Bioinspired devices: GPS, aircrafts, swim suits, bullet train, super hydrophobic and self-cleaning surfaces.

**L:9**

#### CO2: explain the structure and stability of biomolecules

Introduction - monomeric units and polymeric structures of carbohydrates, proteins, nucleic acids and lipids. Molecular interactions: covalent and non-covalent interactions – methods of quantification and determination: UV – visible, CD, and SPR.

**L:9**

Enzymes - classification - specific activity - enzyme activity - chemical nature of enzymes. Protein and non-protein nature of enzymes. Metalloenzymes and metal activated enzymes. Industrial applications of enzymes: biosensors and bio bleaching.

**CO3: describe the principle and applications of various instruments for medical diagnosis**

**L:9**

Basic concepts of instrumentation: static and dynamic characteristics, design criteria, instrumentation, amplifiers. Biopotential electrodes: fundamentals - body surface electrodes - microelectrodes - Principle, components and applications of microscope: light and electron microscope. Electrocardiograph, glucometer, CT, magnetic resonance imaging, ultrasonic imaging. Artificial Intelligence for disease diagnosis.

**CO4: interpret the major bio-energetic pathways**

**L:9**

Thermodynamics in biological systems - exothermic and endothermic versus endergonic and exergonic reactions - concept of  $K_{eq}$  and its relation to standard free energy - spontaneity - ATP as an energy currency. Glucose synthesis from  $CO_2 + H_2O$  (photosynthesis) – decomposition of glucose (Glycolysis and Krebs cycle). Energy yielding and energy consuming reactions. Concept of energy charge. Regulation of glycogenesis - measurement of blood glucose level.

**CO5: explain the properties, characterization, and applications of various biomaterials**

**L:9**

Biomaterials: introduction - types: alloys, polymers. Composites - properties: biocompatibility, elasticity, immune compatibility, resorbability, cytotoxicity, hemocompatibility and biodegradability. Physicochemical characterization: XRD and SEM. Applications: tissue engineering, heart valves, dental and orthopaedic implants.

**TEXT BOOKS**

1. Y.Nelson, L.David, Lehninger, “Principles of Biochemistry”, International Edition, New York, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2017.
2. Nagata, Kazuhiro, Real-Time Analysis of Biological Interactions, Springer, Japan, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2015.
3. I. Bertini, H.B Gray, Bioinorganic Chemistry, University Science Book, California, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2014.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. P.N.Bartlett, Bioelectrochemistry: Fundamentals, Experimental Techniques and Applications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, John Wiley & Sons, New Delhi, 2014.
2. Ratner and Hoffmann, Biomaterial Science: An Introduction to Materials in Medicine, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Elsevier Academic Press, London, 2015.
3. Lesile Cromwell, “Bio-medical instrumentation and measurement”, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Reprint, 2017.

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

|                    |                                       |          |          |          |          |          |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <b>Course Code</b> | <b>POLYMER SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY</b> | <b>L</b> | <b>T</b> | <b>P</b> | <b>E</b> | <b>C</b> |
| <b>23SH15E</b>     |                                       | <b>3</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>0</b> | <b>3</b> |

### COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to

**CO1:** acquire knowledge on structure - property relationship of polymers

**CO2:** identify the suitable polymerization techniques for the large scale synthesis of polymers

**CO3:** explain the basic principles of various polymer processing techniques and their applications

**CO4:** interpret the chemical, thermal, electrical, and mechanical properties of the polymers

**CO5:** familiar with plastics waste disposal, value addition, associated environmental issues and legislation

**CO1: acquire knowledge on structure - property relationship of polymers**

**L: 9**

Basic concepts of polymerization - polydispersity - conformation and configuration of macromolecules - stereo isomerism and tacticity in polymers - geometrical isomerism. Structure - property relationship - molecular force and chemical bonding in polymers - effect of polymerization on PDI. General rules for polymer solubility - crystallinity and orientation in polymers. Polymer chain flexibility: concept - factors deciding polymer flexibility - amorphous and crystalline polymers - crystallinity in polymers - factors affecting crystallinity - properties affected by crystallinity of polymers. Glass transition temperature and crystalline melting points. Factors affecting glass transition temperature.

**CO2: identify the suitable polymerization techniques for the large scale synthesis of polymers**

**L:9**

Basic aspects of polymer synthesis - bulk, solution and suspension polymerization (styrene and MMA) - emulsion polymerization (vinyl acetate, styrene) - preparation of phenolic and epoxy resins. Modern techniques in polymerization: metathesis polymerization - controlled polymerization methods, viz., nitroxide mediated polymerization (NMD), atom transfer radical polymerization (ATRP), group transfer polymerization (GTP), and reversible addition fragmentation termination (RAFT).

**CO3: explain the basic principles of various polymer processing techniques and their applications**

**L:9**

Plastics technology: raw materials - additives for compounding (fillers, plasticizers and softeners, lubricants, promoters, anti-aging additives, flame retarders, colorants, blowing agents, UV stabilizers,) - requirements and functions of additives. Pre-compounding operations: mixing, drum blenders, ribbon blenders, mixing rolls, internal mixers, mixing extruders, blenders for making organosol and plastisol, granulators, pelletizers.

Advanced fabrication techniques: RTM, RIM, filament winding, BMC/SMC. Post-forming and finishing, machining, welding and design of polymers products. Selections of polymers, additives, mold design. Analysis of defects in moulded products. Processing of reinforced thermoplastics and thermosets: manual processing methods and semi-automatic processing methods. Rubber processing: internal mixer and open mill.

**CO4: interpret the chemical, thermal, electrical, and mechanical properties of polymers**

**L:9**

Physical testing: density, mechanical behaviour, MFI, and water/solvent adsorption. Chemical testing: ignition - pyrolysis - solvent extraction - elemental analysis. Thermal analysis: vicat softening point - dynamic mechanical thermal analysis. Morphological analysis: atomic force microscopy and chemical force microscopy. Spectroscopic analysis:

IR peaks assigned for rubber. Study of hydrogenation, halogenation, evidence for cyclization and formation of ionomers. Analysis of carbon filled rubber - Case studies.

**CO5: familiar with plastics waste disposal, value addition, associated environmental issues and legislation L-9**

Polymer waste: sources, collection, segregation, and identification by simple techniques. Life cycle assessment, risk factor analysis. Plastics waste management techniques: chemical recycling, thermal conversion technologies, microbial, microwave, and ultrasonic. Use of plastics waste for value addition. Plastics waste management rule - environmental issues.

**TEXT BOOKS**

1. Premamoy Ghosh, Polymer Science and Technology: Plastics, Rubber, Blends and Composites, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
2. Richard A Petherick, Polymer Science and Technology for Engineers and Scientists, Whittles Publishing, 2010.
3. Michael L. Berins, SPI Plastics Engineering Handbook of the Society of the Plastics Industry, Inc. 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Springer New York, 2012
4. Vishu Shah, Handbook of Plastics Testing Technology, 2<sup>nd</sup> Revised Edition, Wiley-Blackwell, 1998.

**REFERENCES**

1. Gowarikar V R, Polymer science, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, New Age International Private Limited, 2023
2. Fred W. Billmeyer, Textbook of Polymer Science, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2007
3. Nayak S.K, Text Book on Fundamentals of Plastics Testing, Springer (I) Private Limited, 2020
4. J S Anand, Recycling & Plastics Waste Management, Central Institute of Plastics Engineering and Technology, 1997.
5. Korschwitz J, Polymer Characterization and Analysis, John Wiley and Sons, 1990.

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

| Course Code | SENSORS FOR ENGINEERING APPLICATIONS | L | T | P | E | C |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 23SH16E     |                                      | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |

**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to

CO1: Gain knowledge on basic concepts of sensors and Transducer.

CO2: know about the thermal and motion sensors for various applications.

CO3: enumerate the principles and applications of optical and magnetic sensors and transducers used in various field.

CO4: explain the construction, working principle and applications of electrochemical and electric sensors.

CO5: Design the sensors for environmental monitoring

**CO1: Gain knowledge on basic concepts of sensors and Transducer.**

**L: 9**

Introduction – Historical development of sensors – Human body as a sensor system – sensors and transducers. Principle and classification of sensor. Sensor characteristics – sensor properties – various transducers – piezoelectric effect – pyroelectric effect – seebeck effect and peltier effect. Advantages and limitations of Sensors.

**CO2: know about the thermal and motion sensors for various applications.**

**L:9**

**Thermal sensors:** introduction – types - primary sensor: gas thermometer and He low temperature thermometer. Secondary sensor: Resistance thermometer and NQR thermometer. Temperature sensing technologies: IC sensor, resistive temperature detectors, thermocouples and thermistor.

**Motion sensors:** Introduction and principle. Types: Infra red and microwave. Specialized motion sensor: proximity and ranging sensor. Motion Sensors in everyday life: The role of motion sensors in home security.

**CO3: enumerate the principles and applications of optical and magnetic sensors and transducers used in various field**

**L:9**

**Magnetic sensors:** Introduction – principle and applications: magnetic field sensors and magneto-resistive Sensors, hall effect sensors.

**Optical sensors:** light intensity – wavelength and color – light dependent resistors, photodiode, photo transistor, CCD, CMOS sensors. Pulse oximeter, portable pulse oximeter, wearable pulse oximeter; wearable capnometer for monitoring of expired.

**CO4: explain the construction, working principle and applications of electrochemical and electric sensors**

**L-9**

**Electrochemical sensors:** Introduction - fundamental concepts – chemiresistors.

Conductometric sensor: amperometric sensor - potentiometric sensors - impedance sensors

**Electric sensors:** Introduction- conventional volt and ammeters, high current sensors, (current transformers), high voltage sensors, High power sensors. Real time applications: Glucose Monitoring

Devices, GlucoWatch G2 Biographer, GlucoTrackTM; Pulse oximeter, Portable Pulse Oximeter, wearable pulse oximeter.

**CO5: Design the sensors for environmental monitoring**

**L-9**

**Environmental Sensor:** Introduction - environmental quantities: time, moisture acidity/alkalinity, wind-chill, radioactive count rate. Surveying and security. Sensors for environmental monitoring. Smoke and fire detector. Pressure sensor in emission testing, pollution devices, and wind management systems.

**TEXT BOOKS**

1. Jacob Fraden, Handbook of Modern Sensors: Physics, Design and Applications, 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Springer Nature, New Delhi, 2016
2. D. Patranabis, Sensors and Transducers, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited, New Delhi, 2013.
3. John Veteline, Aravind Raghu, Introduction to sensors, CRC press, New Delhi, 2011.
4. S Nihtianov, A. Luque Smart Sensors and MEMS, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Woodhead Publishing Limited, New Delhi, 2018.
5. Edward Sazonov and Michael R. Neuman, Wearable Sensors - Fundamentals, Implementation and Applications, Elsevier publishing company, Amsterdam, Netherland, 2014.

**REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Shantanu Bhattacharya, A K Agarwal, Nripen Chanda, Ashok Pandey and Ashis Kumar Sen Environmental, Chemical and Medical Sensors, Springer Verlag, Singapore, 2018 .

2. Krzysztof Iniewski, Optical, Acoustic, Magnetic, and Mechanical Sensor Technologies, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, CRC Press, New Delhi, 2017.

**L: 45; TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**

